TERMS OF THE DAILY DEMOCRAT TO THE COUNTRY. ONE MONTHS.

LOCAL AGENTS WANTED.

We desire to procure the services of a local agent in act, or procure the services of some efficient person in on the platform. our behalf? Believing that the circulation of the Democrat may be materially extended, we make this appeal to our friends in its behalf.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

HON. CHARLES A. WICKLIFFE, Of Nelson County.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR, W. B READ, of Larue. FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,

THOS. TURNER, of Montgomery. FOR AUDITOR,

GRANT GREEN, of Henderson. FOR TREASURER,

H. F. KALFUS, of Jefferson. FOR REGISTER, THOS. J. FRAZIER, of Breathitt.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC IN-STRUCTION, T. C. McKEE.

FOR CONGRESS, FIFTH DISTRICT, NATHANIEL WOLFE, of Louisville.

NOTICE.

The Hon. C. A. Wickliffe will speak a the Barbecue at Hays' Springs on Satur day. Let all who wish to hear the next Governor of Kentucky speak for the last time in the canvass, embrace the oppor

NOTICE.

There will be a Barbecue on Saturday, the 1st of August, at Hays', on the Bards town road, fourteen miles from Louisville,

The coolest specimen of political juggling that ever disgraced a party is now at the head and front of the bogus party in this State. They are greatly exercised over the question of no more men and no more money. They now denounce all who will not give men and money to support an Abolition war as Seces-

Now, look at the record of their candidates for Congress. They voted against the conscrip tion bill to raise men, and every one of them now running for Congress again, refused to vote for the bill to raise money.

Now they are taken up and supported for Congress again by a party that denounces all who refuse to give men or money for any reason as Secessionists. Can hypocrisy go beyond that? There is the record undenied and undeniable. No more men and no more money cally the no-more-men-and-no-more-money party. They were brought to the test. Their names were called. They said no to the bill to raise men, and nothing to the bill to raise

Now, we say they did right. They did right in refusing to supply the Administration with men or money until they could get an assurance that these supplies would not be used for unconstitutional purposes. When we say they did right and ought to stand by the record, the radicals of this State get up a clamor, trighten their party out of their position, and rail at the no-more men-and-no-more money

These Congressmen who are candidates have to promise to give the last man and the last dollar, and what is comical, they still de - President, must be prepaid. fend what they did do when they refused to give any man or any dollar. They stand by their record now, and promise not to do so any more, tears for the poor soldier. Ah! he will get no they lament over the poor soldier just now when they want office. But look at their recif these juggling politicians think their preclous persons are not exposed, that the rest of

these Republicans see that the men are self pistols, his horse, his spurs and his feathers twistings. They very naturally conclude that has heretofore won the admiration of conthese men will abandon a record they have fiding friends without creating any alarm made and will go back to Congress ready to do whatever the Republican party requires They did stand up for Kentucky once; but the radicals, by noise, have whipped them in so that they will not dare to do so again.

We invite the reader's attention to the letter of the Hon. W. Whiting, Solicitor of the War Department, to the Fremont League. troops? Whiting is a law adviser of the President. He is a full negro-worshipper. The negroes are to fight under a sense of unavenged wrongs. They are destined to wield the sword of retribution, to teach their former masters which is the superior race. They are the only genuine Union men in the Gulf States. The writer as sumes that the freedom of all the slaves is fixed. The President takes no step backward. But read the letter. It is all of a piece, and shows exactly the spirit in which this war is to be waged, and the end for which it is waged. The ignoramus tells us that Hannibal was a negro, and the negroes claim as their fatherland the continent that gave birth to the con queror of Rome. Really we didn't know bofore that any one from Africa conquered Rome; but Whiting's history-will tell us. The negro, however, is to give back to the country all the elements of military power. Read

Within the last two years the Adminisration candidate for the Governorship of Kentucky has held the offices of Judge of the Circuit Court, Colonel of a regiment of Infantry, United States Attorney for the district of Kentucky, and Brigadier General of volunteers; and he would have been a Judge of the Court of Appeals, but for a difference of opmion between him and the people about

If he should be elected Governor, he will have filled as many offices, perhaps, as any man ever filled in the same length of time, and more, perhaps, than any man of his merit

It will be seen that John Walton is the cratic candidate for the Legislature the District composed of the Fifth and Sixth

Read the following order. It is plain hat under this order no legal election can be held in the counties to which it applies. It is an audacious act of treason to the State. One resolution of the platform of the bogus

Resolved, That the laws of this State must be naintained, and that it is the duty of the constituted authorities of the State to see to it that by all constitutional means this indispenable end shall be attained.

Now, let's see if the constituted authorities will see to it. If they do not, let's hear no every Postoffice District in the State. Will our friends more of the hypocritical pretense of standing

If anybody is refused a vote in consequence of this order, let the Judge or Judges be prosecuted according to law, and let every officer who undertakes to enforce this order be indicted for treason to the State.

F.llow-citizens, go and vote, and let's see if here is any virtue left in laws or Constituions. It is mendacious audacity to pretend to be fighting for the supremacy of laws and Constitutions and thus trample them under

Headquarters United States Forces, Smithland, Ky., July 16, 1863. General Order.

The County Court Judges of the counties of Trigr, Caldwell, Lyon, Crittenden and Liv-ingston, are hereby directed, in appointing Judges and Clerks for conducting the State elections in August next, to observe strictly the laws of Kentucky, which require that euch Judges and Cerks shall be unconditional

Judges and Clerks so appointed are hereby d rec.ed not to place the name of any person on the poll-books to be voted for at said election who is not a Union man, or who may be opposed to furnishing men and money for a vigorous prosecution of the war against the chellion against the United States Government The Jueges and Clerks are further directed to permit no person to vote at said election with-out taking the oath required by the laws of Kentucky, upless said person so presenting himself to vote is personally known to the Judges to be a Union man. Any person violating this order will be re-

garded as an enemy to the Government of the United States, and will be arrested and punhed accordingly.

By order of THOS. JOHNSON. Lieutenant Colonel Commanding. OATH.

I do solemnly swear that I have never en gaged in the service of the so-called Provisional Government of Kentucky, either in a civil or military capacity, and that I have never, either directly or indirectly, aided in the rebellion against the United States or the State of Kentucky, so help me God.

The new postal law, which went into effect July 1st, 1863, seems to be imperfectly understood by many postmasters in the country. For instance, the new law abolishes the | can't take that oath, whilst we do not quesfranking privilege, which, under the old, tion his constitutional right to vote, of he has was enjoyed by every postmaster whose commissions were less than two hundred dollars per annum. Yet we receive constantly letters attempt d to be franked and, of course, are compelled here to pay double postage, as on matter wholly uppaid.

Again: Postma-ters sometimes bave occa sion to address editors on "official business," but the new regulation allows only such communications to pass between postmasters these selves. Therefore, all such notices to editors should be inclosed and franked to the postmaster of the city or town where the paper is published.

The new law also requires that every comdorsed "official," and this signed by the post master writing.

The attention of the public is called to the radical change made in the franking privilege of the heads of departments at Washington, viz: All correspondence addressed to any Executive department, or any officer in it, must now be prepaid, except official communications, written by some officer of the departsponsible to it; and, in such cases, under the words "official business," on the envelop, the gnation. All other persons, and all officers writing to departments with which they are not connected, must prepay their postage. All communications to the President, not written by a public officer, and all to the Vice

General Bramlette resigned the office of Circuit Judge for that of Colonel of a regand denounce all who will do as they did as | iment ; resigned the office of Colonel for that of District Attorney of the United States; reno more men and no more money. They have | signed the office of District Attorney for that of Brigadier-General of Volunteers, and now proposes to resign the office of Brigadier-General for that of Governor of Kentucky. If he should be elected to that office, how long will he be satisfied with it? How long will it shall be attained. take him to get tired of it and to want some ord. Their votes didn't give the money for the thing else? How long willit take him to find soldier, and the snivel over the soldier is all that he is not fitted for it, and to fancy that bypocritical. So the faithful stand stultified he is better for something else? How long by the record defending their own act and will it take him to discover that the office of railing at all that would ever do likewise. Yet Governor, which is the best that the people of stances, and i sue no commission to any one these self-stultified jugglers look white men | the State can give this summer, is not as good in the face, and expect to be trusted. Wonder as several the President can give? How long oath requires this, and we call his attention will he hold himself in readiness to fulfill the promises he is so freely making concerning future invasions of the State? How long will The Republican party applaud them and he keep himself ready to meet any invader of the State with his rifle, his holsters and his himself and the militia ready to drive out catches at the hook which is without even who will become his sureties, that he won't resign within six months if he can get the

> THE STATE BANK OF OHIO. - The following tab'e will show the condition of the State Bank of Obio on the 6th of this month, when the various branches made their monthly re-

urns to the office of the Secretary of Board of Common Control, in Columbu: Eastern Deposits. Notes of other Banks, &c. 6,949,795 62 728,690 60

total amount of exchange purchased was \$1,-127,471 15; and sold, \$3 414,136 61. Of the sales the sum of \$1,050,178 was reported by sales the sum of \$1,050,178 was reported by the two branches in this city, and 8,181,291 by the two branches in Colum

[Cin. Commercial. no longer report the amount of specie they have on hand. Their report, to be complete and "entirely satisfactory," should not only show the amount of specie on hand, but the amount they have sold since their last report.

There is also a deficency of satisfaction in

perusing the weekly bank statements of the banks of the Eastern cities. While they give the amount of specie on hand, the reader is left in darkness as to whom the specie belorgs. He has no means of knowing how much of it belongs to special depositors; how much is left in pledge as security for loans; how much the barks have sold or how much | One of these startling usurpations is the subthey have bought, or whether they are making any sort of provision for ever paying spe-

We ask that the clerks of the election will favor us with a full statement of the returns on Monday next.

son were Wednesday afternoon and night, open his mouth about them?

Wickliffe's Letter of 1861 and the Louisville Journal.

I wish to be distinctly understood upon defend the Government from the assaults of its enemies, foreign or domestic, it must be sustained-no longer.

The above is an extract from Mr. Wickliffe's letter to the Lebanon Convention, that nominated him for Congress in 1861.

What did the Louisville Journal think o this letter then, containing this pledge which Mr. Wickliffe has kept? What, we repeat, did the Louisville Journal think of it? The editor published the letter and said: HE (Mr. Wickliffe) FEELS AND THINKS AND ACTS AS A PATRIOT; AND IF HE SHALL BE ELECTED, HIS INFLUENCE AT WASHINGTON

WILL BE GREAT AND BENEFICENT. . People of Kentucky, Mr. Wickliffe has kept his word. He feels, thinks and acts to-day as a patriot. Elect him Governor, and his influence at Frankfort will be great and benefit

We hope our readers and all the Judges of elections will take notice of the law of this State which we publish below-Revised Statutes, voi. 1:

CHAPTER 32, ARTICLE 12, SECTION STH. Any Judge, Sheriff or Clerk who shall re-ceive or assent to receive or record a vote at an election at any other time or place than that lawfully appointed, and any Judge or Sheriff who shall knowingly or unlawfully receive the vote of any other than a qualitied voter, or so refuse to receive the vote of a qualified voter, shall, for every such offense, be imprisoned from one to six months, or fined from fitty to five hundred dollars, forfeit any office he then holds, and be disqualified from ever holding any office.

The Constitution of this State fixes the qualification of voters. Any citizen twentyone years of age, who has resided in the State two years, or in the county one year, and sixty days in the precinct, shall be a voter.

There is no power anywhere but in a State Convention, called according to the Constitution, to add anything to these qualifications or tered the service of the so-called Confederate take anything away. Judges will notice the States of America, and that I have not been enpenalty for refusing a voter with these qualifi cations.

By an act of the Legislature the Judges may require an eath that the voter has not been in arms against the United States or the State of Kentucky, and bas given ald and comfort to the rebels.

We voted against the act as unconstitutional ut we don't advise any one to vote who

The Journal is at its usual trade of cal mny. The Secession ticket, as he calls it, is a matter of horror. The Secession ticket This is the fashion of the editor. He has nick. amed every ticket that was opposed to his party all his day. There never was a ticket except his that was not going to ruin the country. The Secessionists of the State will vote for Wickliffe. No doubt some of them will; and every Abolitionist in the State will vote for Bramlette, and he will not miss it far either; whilst every Secessionist knows that Mr. Wickliffe is a Union man, and that the munication between postmasters shall be in- | Committee that called on him to run knew him to be a Union man, and has never been is only an example of the usual calumny of the Louisville Journal.

We have shown before that the Louisville Journal has been on all sides since this bloody drama began. It has been about as often Secession as Union, looking first one way and then another. No doubt it has good reasons ment, or an officer under its control or re- to be loyal now to the Administration, and it will remain so as long as the reasons last, and if calumnies are wanted the Journal is the paper to put them in. Fortunately for the State the Journal is well known. Its calumnics are not believed, except by a few credulous readers whose simplicity is the laughling stock of the community generally.

It appears that military orders are substituted for the Constitution and laws in the First Congressional District, and the military assume to manage the polls. Will the Govto take care that the laws of this State are executed, and the Legislature resolved that the laws of the State must be maintained and enforced, and that it is the duty of the constituted anthorities of this State to see to it that by all constitutional means this indispensable end

We repeat the question, will his Excellency Governor Robinson, recognize an election held services, and give their pay to the families of killed or disabled soldiers? A PRIVATE.

In our opinion, it is his duty to reject altegether the votes polled under such circumelected by such means. In our opinion his

The Journal has two communications. one from a Johnson and the other from a Johnfor, and the other writes a letter to the Jouramongst defiant foes? How long will he hold scribbler, and no Johnston at all. The editor bait. Credulous soul, that editor of the Jour may come? What security can he give, and nall He always sees ghosts just before an President to give him the office of minister to do not vote at this election, and understand it Hayti or the office of Major General of colored as little as the editor does. He is giving them aid and comfort by magnifying and exaggerating and falsifying daily. He is giving them hope and encouraging them to persevere. No wonder they feel hopeful if they read the Louisville Journal. This Jacob Y. Johnston is, no doubt, bogus. It wears the ear-marks of a hoax on its face. It never could deceive

any one but a reader of the Journal. for Congress in the Lexington district. He has been a member of that body ever since these troubles began. His firm stand for the Union is well known to every intelligent man in the State. He is, however, one of those frightful characters that disturb the nerves of Bramlette-a constitutional Union man. He is a Kentucky Union man, for the Union, not

The radicals will, no doubt, be howling on the track, for they have a holy horror of him. It is a consolation that after the death of the

Our institutions are assailed by start ling usurpations of power by the Executive. stitution of military orders for the Constitu tion and laws of this State, declaring who shall of laws and Constitutions than that. The adopt condemns these startling usurpations; but what organ or candidate of that party will

For the Louisville Democrat. Death of Hon. John J. Crittenden.

We have never since the death of the great this subject. Should the present war assume the purpose and design of the abolition of slavery in the States, or of depriving a State of any constitutional right, it will receive no support from me of either men or money; on the contrary, my firm and decided opposition. So long as it may be necessary to keep up an century ruled the Senate, has gone from us. So long as it may be necessary to keep up an army in the field to defend the capital and As our readers know, the Hon. John J. Crittenden is no more. The very name stirs us with a thrill of recollections of great names and great deeds. He was one of those who saw the dark cloud which has now broken over our country when it was but a little spot in the heavens. His name takes us back as associ ated with those who saw with dread the breach of the Missouri admission, which broke upon Jefferson "like a fire-bell at midn'ght." He was of those who saw the nullification troubles of South Carolina, when, under a different pretext, an effort wa made to destroy the Union; through long and hot struggles of bank and tariff; the acqui sition of territory, amounting to an empire i itself; the Mexican war, and the glorious achievements of our arms there. He was as sociated with Jackson, Clay, Webster, Cal sociated with Jecksh, City, Webster, Cat-houn, Benton and Douglas, and struggled sometimes against them, but always with them on national questions.

He was the recognized equal of them all, the coadjutor of giant statesmen, with a life pure as the driven stow. His life was never more useful, never more necessary to his

ountry, than when he was taken from us As was said of him years ago-"This was the noblest Roman of them all."

His life was gentle: and the elements
So mixed in him, that Nature might stand up
And say to all the world, "This was a man."
And now, when the aid of such a man is most needed, he is taken from us. That avenging Providence which robbed us of Douglas, when nost needed for the good of his country, ha now taken Mr. Crittenden when another crisis has arrived. When lovers and defenders of the Constitution are most needed, he, one of

the last of them, is called to a higher position than man can give.

It is known that up to the opening of the rebellion we were politically opposed to Mr. Crittenden, since which we have been nearly logether. We may have disagreed in some minor points with him in the last few months; yet we would have halled his election with pride, and trusted implicitly to his wisdom in the coming crisis. We have opposed the seection of any Democrat to run against him in his district, believing that it there was any difference at all it ought to be waived in consideration of his pre-eminent services, and be-lieving that he could do more good for the Constitution than any man of any party who light be elected to fill his place. His was a case in which all ought to sink party, and had we been in his district we would have voted for him as coming nearest to representing our

eelings and opinions.

His seat is vacant. Kentucky, for the first time, sends no great leader to represent her. me of the members now to be elected may fill, to some extent, in future years, that great vacancy; but now our pride is in the dust. But enough of this. It is not now, in the nidst of her mourning, that Kentucky can count up her losses. There is but one feeling -the mighty hath fallen-the honored dead ies now in his coffia, and over the cold clay Kentucky can only feel that a beloved and trusted son is dead. Over the lips that shall elequent no more; over the closed eyes that shall flash no more with the divine fire like a grief-stricken mother our noble State

We shall not look upon his like again.

A DEMOCRAT. A PINK OF A CHAPLAIN .- The following let ter, from a private of the - Michigan regi ment, proves, not that Chaplains are useless as a general thing, but that sometimes they are not what they should be:

Louisville, July 28, 1862.

Messrs Editors: Our Chaplain has not preached to the boys more than six times in ten moaths. Last fall, when we were encamped near this city, he spent nearly all his time at the sutler's guzzling beer. The boys soon commenced calling him "old beer-tub."

Bramlette—it was a favorite term with Kentral Parks of the survey of the second process. soon commenced calling him "old beer-tub." During the winter, which we spent at Bowlinggreen, he scarcely appeared among us at shall continue to denounce secession as not only wholly at war with the principles of our Government, and unwarranted by the altogether.

I have made inquiries concerning his doings. The boys at the hospital say he occasionally makes a short visit there, but never attempts to hold religious conversation with any one. I have frequently noticed when a profane or obscene story is told in his presnce, that he appeared to enjoy it, and never knew him by look or word to discountenance by kind of crime. On the contrary, I have known him to try to steal negroes from their masters; and, last fall, he tried so often to get a horse without paying for it, that if any of the boys saw a stray animal near camp, they at once commenced yelling, "Here's a horse! Where's the Chaplain?" Although he tried hard to bridle a horse, yet he never attempts te bridle his tongue.

[And here follow sundry instances of de-

wonder that privates cannot see the use o having chaplains; or that they should think Government might better dispense with their

REMOVAL OF GOLD FROM DAYTON, OHIO. transmitted to Toledo for safe-keeping. banking offices and vaults in that city now contain over six tuns of gold, besides green-backs, bank notes, &c.—[Exchange.

This item would tend to make Dayton a very important and wealthy place. There is a small branch of the Ohio State Bank at Dayton, besides several private gentlemen banking in a small way, on their own account, a la Shylock. We would like to see the six tuns of Dayton gold weighed, or even some reliable gentleman who had seen it weighed.

There can be no danger that any member of this Administration will ever get into power again. Their financial policy, if nothing else, will be their destruction. The people will soon inquire into these matters or understand them. They will ere long learn how their taxes have been increased by many millions, for the purpose of establishing a National Bank on a plan infinitely worse than any

THE LOUISVILLE JOURNAL'S STRATEGY .-This subject is pretty well understood. The Journal has illustrated it at length. He is going to oppose heroically the Abolitionists; but he tells them beforehand that if they do not climb down he will. So it is in elections; the Hon. R. A. Buckner, who is a cardidate the editor is furious until the votes are polled; but mark it, if the Democrats will not climb was Speaker of the House of Representatives; down he will. As soon as the election is over the editor of the Journal will climb down.

There are already three candidates for Congress in the Ashland district-R. A. Buckner, Brigadier General Boyle and Brutus J. Clay. The convention appointed for yesterday may do something: may put another eandidate on the track. We don't expect, however, that the convention will accomplish man to be sent to Congress from the Ashland anything. Such bodies are played out. The three candidates will run, most likely. We

born great, some achieve greatness, and some have greatness thrust upon them. In which lamented Crittenden Judge Buckner will fill of these ways was it that Colonel Bramlette rigible old bachelor declines to send his poor

Shakspeare says that some men are

he claims to have observed that the educated ploys only lady assistants. Notwithstanding cutting, the establishment is very popular.

The essence of Abolitionism—"Believe as I do or you are a traitor."

For the Louisville Democrat. DEAD. BY WILL S. HAYS.

Oh, mother, where has father gone? He took his gun one day; So long have we been left alone Since father went away! You sat his gun behind the door, And picked his clothes up from the floor, And kissed the soldier cap he wore, And sadly looked at me. How often did he use to write And fill our hearts with fond delight: But, mother, why so sad to-night?

Oh, tell me! where is he! My child, come here. Kneel down with me And raise your smiling eyes: For mine are full of tears, you see; Look upward-to the skies.

Ask Him who rules Heaven, earth and sea, In mercy to look down on me, And shed his bleesings, too, on thee-I humbly bow my head. Our country called him far away; 'He loved it," oh! I heard him say; Come, darling, let us kneel and pray, "Where is he, mother?" "Dead!"

From the Lexington Observer and Reporter.] Judge Bramlette, in his speech at Louis villa, charged that we had misrepresented his speech at Lexington, and that our object was o assist the no-more-men and no-more money party. We repol the charge, as utterly gratu-itous and unfounded, that we misrepresented him, either with that or any other motive, and are perfectly content to submit to every un-biased man who heard him if our criticism

character.

We are not of those who, in the perilcus times that are upon the State and Nation, give a blind and unquestioning support to any party; nor can we be intimidated from expressing our epinions in reference either to Judge Bramlette or those in whose interests he seems to be running. We have not, like Judge Bramlette, been the recipient of favors from President Lincoln in quick succes-sion, and therefore are unable to say what effect they might have had upon us; but these Presidential favors seem to have mol-lified the Judge's position very considerably (if indeed they have not entirely reversed it), om what it was understood to have been before his appointment first to the District Attorneyship of the State and then to a Brigadier Generalship in the army. Our position has been one of entire consistency from the commencement of the rebellion; it has not only been consistent with itself, but with that of the State as it has been pronounced by her Legislature, by her Representatives in Congress, by her Union people in convention assembled, and by her presses and public speakers. If we decline to sneeze when Mr. Lincoln takes snuff (as some wag effirmed was the case with South Carolina. affirmed was the case with South Carolina when Mr. Calboun indulged his olfactories with the narcotic weed), it must be attributed to the fact that we don't like sneezing, and more especially when produced by Abolition anuff. If men choose to say in "bated breath," as was the case with Judge Bramlette, that they are opposed to the war poli-cy of the Administration, but at the same time, though in a much louder voice, go on to like a grief-stricken mother our noble State bends in lamentation and will not be comforted. Let no sentiment approach this dark receptacle of all that is best beloved but unstudied grief. Let there be no feeling here but that which in tears acknowledges that here in the narrow grave we lay one of the last and greatest statesmen and exponents of the Constitution, confessing—

"He was a man, take him for all in all, We shall not look upon kis like again."

"arossly" so. This, on the part of Mr. Critical and unjust"—not merely impolitic and unjust."

"arossly" so. This, on the part of Mr. Critical and unjust of the part of Mr. Critical and unjust of the course. We like the bold and manly manner in which the lamented Critten danly manner in which the lamented Critten dan spoke. He did not hesitate to say that he opposed the policy of the Administration—characterizing the whole batch of measures which constituted its war policy as the emanations of "FOLLY and FANATICISM, VENGEANCE and ABOLITION—the most of them being unconstitutional and all of them grossly impolitic and unjust "—not merely impolitic and unjust "—not merely impolitic and unjust "—on the part of Mr. Critical and the course of the course. We like the bold and manly manner in which the lamented Critten den spoke. He did not hesitate to say that he opposed the popicy of the Administration—characterizing the whole batch of measures which constituted its war policy as the emanations of "FOLLY and FANATICISM, VENGEANCE and ABOLITION—the most of them being unconstitutional and all of them period the course of the course.

Administration, by men who have neither the capacity, the integrity, nor the manly firmness of John J. Crittenden.

tuckians a brief twelve months since-we our Government, and unwarranted by the Constitution, but as entirely without reme-dy for any of the svils alleged in its justifica-With the effort to break up the Union we have no sympathy, never had when, if at all, that sympathy could have been rendered available, and we shall never cease to dencunce it. But, while doing so, we shall with equal decision oppose to the extent of our abilities the machinations of the whole fanatical crew at the North to destroy the Union—to convert the war into one of Abo lition—to restore the Union, not as our fathers made it, but as the Abolitionists want it—
a Union, in the terse and forcible language of
Mr. Criticadea, based upon "conquest and sub
jugation, vengeance and Abolition." We are for
the Union as it was and the Constitution as it
is—a Union not alone of territory, but of mutual sympathy and fraternal affection, cementor by time of friendship and of commercial ined by ties of friendship and of commercial in-

We have all slong supposed that this war was being waged for the purpose of bringing back the misguided and deluded and betrayed people of the South to their allegiance to the onstitution and laws; that it was not proscented in any spirit of vengeance, nor for purposes of conquest or subjugation, nor for nterference with the domestic institutions of any of the States, but simply to restore the Union and maintain the supremacy of the Constitution; and that when this was acplished the war ought to cease. thought the entire representation in the two Houses of Congress, when, at the commencement, they wanted men and money to own the rebellion, and because the Abo tionists see fit to say that "military necessity" requires the policy to be changed, we must be excused if we are not pliant enough to The man who thinks so is a disunionist, for the Constitution is the bond by which alone the Union is held together. We are opposed to its being destroyed either by Secession or Abolition. This is the position of Kentucky, and to it we mean to adhere, let him abandon But it is objected that you must not make

or the Government and gives aid and comfort to the enemy! Well, if not now, when must to the enemy! Well, if not now, when must you make it? Judge Bramlette says he does not intend to sop to discuss constitutional questions with Mr. Lincoln, but will do that questions with Mr. Lincoln, but will do that after the rebellion is put down. Ah, Judge, may it not then be too late? With the sweeping armies which he has at his disposal—with the disposition manifested to strike down institutions rendered safe and secure so long as the guarantees of the Con stitution are observed, may they not all be of the rebellion; and after the work of destruction is done and you come to discuss the Constitution with Mr. Lincoln, you will find that there is nothing to discuss about. You will then find, if this policy of the Administration is not changed, that your eyes will rest upon thirty-five Abolition Stat s, with slavery gone, and the Union restorel not as it was handed down to us by our revolutionary sires, but as the men in power chose to have it. Now is the very time to discuss these things, if at all. The Abolitionists thought so when they de-Abolitionists thought so when they demanded of the Administration the Emancipation policy, or they would furnish no more men and no more money with which to procecute this war; and we have the same right to urge upon him, by all the means in our power, a return to the Constitution and its guaranteed was a return to the Constitution was a return to the Constitution was a return to er, a return to the constitution and is guarantees. We are not of those who would furnish no more men and no more money to put down the rebellion, but we would sffix a proviso to every bill for that purpose that no part of it should be applied to the freeing of slaves and to making sold ers of them after they are freed. This is ders of them after they are freed. This is just what our members of Congress thought, for every man of them, save Casey, who now holds the office of Commissioner of Confiscaholds the office of Commissioner of Confisca-tion, with roving powers from Mr. Lincoln, refused to vote otherwise in the last Con-gress. But our position is not misunder-stood by our readers, and the people of Ken-tucky will not blindly follow the lead of men who are disposed tamely to submit without discussion to a policy that would deprive them of their just constitutional rights. niece to a boarding school, for the reason that

legton county, Pa., was heavy on the preachers. Rev. Mr. Waugh, professor of Washing-College, O. S. Presbyterian; Rev. Mr. Johnston, United Presbyterian, and Rev. N. W. Scott. O. S. Presbyterian, were all "called"

Proclamation by the Governor.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

For the information and guidance of all of for the information and guidance of all officers at the approaching election, I have caused to be herewith published an act of the Legislature of Kentucky, entitled "An Act to amend Chapter 15 of the Revised Statutes, entitled "Citizens, Expatriation, and Aliens."

The atrict observance and enforcement of this state regulating this, and all other laws of this State regulating elections, are earnestly enjoined and required, as being alike due to a faithful discharge of duty, to the purity of the elective franchise, and to the sovereign will of the people of Kentucky, expressed through their Legisla-

Given under my hand as Governor of Ken-tucky, at Frankfort, this 20th day of July, 1863, and in the 72d year of the Common-wealth. J. F. Robinson.

By the Governor:
D. C. Wickliffe, Secretary of State.

CHAPTER 509. AN ACT to amend chapter 15 of the Revised Statutes, entitled "Citizens, Expatriation, and Aliens."

§ 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That any citizen of this State who shall enter into the service of the so called Confederate States, in either a civil or military capacity, or into the service of the so-call Provisional Government of Kentucky, in either a civil or military capacity, or having heretofore entered such service of cither the Confederate States or Provisional Government, shall continue in such service after this act takes effect, or shall take up or continue in arms against the military forces of the United States or the State of Kentucky, or shall give voluntary aid and assistance to those in arms against said forces, shall be deemed to have expatriated himself, and shall no longer be a citizen of Kentucky, nor shall he again be a citizen, except by permission of the Legislature, by a general or

ecial statute. § 2. That whenever a person attempts, or is led on, to exercise any of the constitutional or legal rights and privileges belonging nly to citizens of Kentucky, he may be required to negative on oath the expatriation provided in the first section of this act; and on his failure or refusal to do so, shall not permitted to exercise any such right or

rivilege.
§ 3. This act to be of force in thirty days from and after its passage.

Passed and became a law, the objections of the Governor to the contrary notwithstanding, March 11, 1862.

[From the Lexington Observer and Reporter.] Judge Bramlette complains that we have misrepresented his speech here. We deny it, and assert that our review of it was the very mildest that the character of it justified. We suppose, if we had said that his speech was suppose, if we had said that his speech was the equal of Mr. Clay's efforts in oratory, of Mr. Webster's in genius, and of Gen. Jackson's in statesmanship, it would have been all exactly right, according to Judge Bramlette's views of his own speech. But what would those who have heard his speeches think of the speeches think of the speeches think of the speeches the speeches think of the speeches think of the speeches think of the speeches that we speeches the speeches think of the speeches think of the speeches think of the speeches the speeches think of the speeches th is, if we had so compared them?

The truth is Judge Bramlette is the most infortunate candidate that ever aspired to in important position. As long as he was making speeches without being reported, having but small audiences, his efforts were bespattered with praise by sympathizing friends, and all went on merrily. But when he got into the neighborhood of Cincinnati, the newspaper publishers of that city, in the time, though in a much louder voice, go on to excuse and apologise for the acts which constitute that policy, they will excuse us if we fail to discover either the dignity or the statesmanship of the course. We like the bold and manly manner in which the lamented Crittenden spoke. He did not hesitate to say that he opposed the policy of the Administration — characterizing the whole batch of measures which constituted its war policy as the emanations of "FOLLY and FANATICISM, VENGEANCE and ABOLITION—the most of them being unconstitutional and all of them grossly impolitic and unjust, but "grossly" so. This, on the part of Mr. Crittenden, was just to himself, to his fame position, but above all it was honest, and just to the people of Kentucky, who are attempted to be hitched in the Abolition cer of the Administration, by men who have neither the capacity, the integrity, nor the manly did appear, he cinitted to say definitely that he was opposed to keeing and arming the negroes. Another correction had to be made; his canvass, and he hasn't the ability to change it. "The wool is in his teeth," and he can't eradicate it. His speeches are of the same strain wherever he appears. all comes of nominating a man wao is wholly incompetent for the position. He was a can-didate before the Convention and got only about 80 votes out of nearly a thousand; and yet, repudiated so emphatically as he was by the people in this Convention, a committee of seven men at Louisville say that he is the election would sustain the act of the Convention in repudiating him as the candidate, and would show that the Committee greatly

[Special to the Cincinnati Cemmercial.]

COLUMBUS, July 29, 1863. Squads of Morgan's men are being brought by citizens and military. There are now a Camp Chase 1,300 of them. On most of them are found green-backs and new pen-knives. On one shabby looking thief, two hundred dollars in gold was found, in tennundred dollars in gold was found, in ten-dollar pieces, contained in a seal-skin bag, each coin carefully wrapped in paper. Receipts are given for money taken, which they draw in limited sums for necessary sup-plies while in prison. Horses in large num-bers are being brought into different towns along Morgan's track.

It is pretty definitely settled that Morgan himself is now where the dogs won't fite him. It is also decided that he surrendered to Maor Rue and not to Major Way.

along Morgan's track.

little girl was killed near Desoto, Ills., on the 17th inst. The little girl, it appears, was killoconic acts of elastic patients. The little girl, it appears, was killed between three and four o'clock in the atteraction and only two hundred yards from a neighbor's house, and about the same from its parents' house. The general supposition is parents' house. The general supposition is the trick and and seal. Abraham Lincoln takes no backward step. A processing the parents are that it was done by a wild-cat, as there were that it was done by a wild-cat, as there were signs of an old one and three young ones the next evening in the road. The child was well ext. The Government has no power, it it had the will, to do it. Omnipotence grown and over eight years old, and quite smart and intelligent.

Western Illinois, and baffles the skill of the most celebrated physicians. In the town of Moline, over one hundred children have died from its effects. Parents in a panic have shut their children into the house to keep them clear of it; but it was observed that those who were housed were victims soonest, while Morgan's "Gentlemen."-We understand

that a search among the prisoners of Morgan's band, who arrived at Indianapolis Thursday night, brought to light a large amount of money stolen from our own people by these 'gentlemen." One was observed putting something into his canteen, which was taken from him, broken open, and several hundred

The New York Ledger suggests that the vacancies in the West Point Military Academy, about fifty in number, be filled with Brigadier Generals. Many of them certainly need improvement, but we fear that some of them will have to go further back than West Point to do them any good; they will

in a coal mine in Derbyshire, England, was rescued the other day. His entire su tenance for ninety-one hours was the oil from his lamp, which he had sucked up. LIKED IT .- The drafted men at Plattsburg,

New York, numbering three hundred, celebrated the "election" by music, a procession repeated cheers for the President, Provost Marshal, General Meade and others. Board of Trade has been notified by Secretary

permanent service on the Eastern coast durwhose leg was amputated after the action at Port Hudson, arrived at New York, from New Orleans, on the steamship Columbia.

Letter from the Hon. Wm. Whiting. Solicitor to the War Department, to the Fremont League.

de. H. Bay

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C., July 10, 1863.

DEAR SIR: Your letter under date of the th of July has been received, in which you ave done me the honor to invite me, on behave done me the honor to invite me, on behalf of the Fremont Legion, to address the grand mass convention of colored citizens, to be held at Poughkeepsie on the 15th and 16th instants; and in which you desire me to answer certain it quiries in relation to troops of African descent. Other engagements render it impossible for me to be present on that occasion, but I avail myself of this opportunity of expressing my respect and sympathy for those who now, for the first time within the present century, have determined to vindicate their right to be treated as patriots by sharing in the toils, dangers and sacrifices of that great nation, of which they constitute so important a part.

Courage, endurance, and disinterested hero-Courage, endurance, and disinterested heroism are qualities of all brave men, whatever
may be their lineage. No names yet stand
upon the roll of honor more brilliant or illustrious than those of Hannibal and Touissaint
L'Overture. Give to those Americans who
claim as their fatherland the continent that
gave birth to the conqueror of Rome, the
arms and the discipline of the well-trained
soldier, and they will give back to the cause
of the country all the elements of military
power. Such is the teaching of history; such
the testimony of experience. the testimony of experience.

What has the Africo-American to fight for?

What has the Africo-American to fight for? He fights for that land which, now about to be freed from the curse of slavery, will be to him "his country." In rallying round the flog of the Union he adds strength and support to the nob'e armies of the West and of the East, who, on the fields of Vicksburg and Gettysburg, have added fresh laurels to their imperishable fame.

Not alone for his country's honor, not for empire, not for conquest, not alone for the crushing of rebellion is the African's blade unsheathed. He fights for the honor and manhood of his race, for justice, humanity, and freedom. When love of country and of time—when thirst for justice and a series of suprementative. thirst for justice and a sense of wrongs yet un-avenged, shall nerve the arm and fire the blocd already kindled by the flames of freedom, how is it possible that the soldier can be otherwise than brave and terrible in battle, when slavery and death are behind him, and life and liberty lie only in the path of victory? Let history answer this question. Read your answer in the bloody battles of the revolution, where nethe bloody battles of the revolution, where ne-gre soldiers bore a part so totale that General Washington publicly, and at the head of his army, acknowledged their gallantry. Remem-ber the honor paid by General Jackson to the heroic regiment of colored men who aided in the defense of New Orleans. Let the battles on the Atlantic coast and the storming of forts on the Mississippi answer. Their heavery recalls the memory of the world-rebravery recalls the memory of the world-re-nowned battle of Marathon, in which one-tenth of those who fought and won imperishable honor were slaves "unchained from the doorpests of their masters." Will the colored men respond to the invita-

tation of the Government?

They are now springing up, like dragoon's teeth, from the soil lato which they have been crushed. Masters of the ground they tread upon, they are sweeping forward in steady, soild legions. Forty thousand strong are already in the service. They are destined to wield the sword of just retribution; to teach tation of the Government? their former masters, on many a bloody battle field, by many a rout and swift pursuit, which of them is "the superior race."

cannot afford to lose the sid of its best and chief supporters in the South.

The employment of colored troops, it is true, was in the beginning inexpedient. The law of 1862, which first authorized them to

enter the service, provided no means of paynent.

The second law, which permitted their em-ployment, authorized them to be paid ten dolfars per month and one ration per day. This law was, however, made with reference to those who by force of arms, or by provisions

of statutes, had been recently freed from bond-

the free States were probably not in the contemplation of Congress when framing these acts. But new, while colored men are admitted to be citizens of several of the Northern States and of the United States, and since the conscription act makes no distinction between white and colored citizens, but requires them equally to be enrolled and dratted in the forces of the United States, there seems to be no reason why such citizens should not, when volunteering to serve the country, be placed

upon the same footing with other soldiers as regards their pay and bounty.

The attention of Congress will be directed to this subject, and from the generous manner in which they have treated the soldiers heretofore, it cannot be doubted that they will hoper themselves by doing full justice to will honor themselves by doing full just

every color, who rally round the Union flag in time of public danger.

But I do not forget that the colored soldiers are not fighting for pay. They will not let their enemies reproach them with being mean, as well as cowardly. They will not lose this their first change, to yindicate their mean, as wen as cowardy. They will be lose this, their first chance, to vindicate their right to be called and treated as men. Pay or no pay, they will rally round the banner of freedom, which shall soon float over a country that contains no slave within its borders.

The policy of the Government is fixed and immovable. Congress has passed the irrevectable acts of examcibation. The Suprems cable acts of emancipation. done can re-enslave a freeman. Fear not that the Administration will ever take the back track. The President wishes the aid of all Americans, of whatever descent or color, to defend the country. He wishes every citizen to share the perils of the contest and to

ap the fruits of victory. Very respectfully, your obedient serv't,
WILLIAM WHITING. EDWARD GILBERT, Esq, New York City.

Democrat gives the following approximation those who "roughed it" out of doors invaria- of the losses sustained by the citizens of that place by the Morgan raid:

1,000

A BAD GIRL-"Who is a bad little gir

A BAD GIRL.—"Who is a bid little girl."
said a man playfully to a wee thing in frock
and pantalets.

"I am a bad girl," was the naive reply.

"Oh, no—you are not a bad little girl!"

"Yeth I am," persisted the little one.

"Then tell me why you are a bad girl."

"Becauthe I'm a boy!" answered the wee

The Philadelphia Press says it does not know where the robel seat of government in Tennessee is. Nobody does. It "lies about loose," King Isham, like the old lady in the

Women can keep a secret, but it generally takes a good many of them to do it.

Welles that he has detailed five vessels for

| FRIDAY, JULY 31, 1863. | | |
|--|--------------------------|------------|
| Arrival and Closing the Louisville | of the M Postoffice | fails at |
| | Arrives. | Closes. |
| First Eastern and Northern | 1:30 A. M. | 7:30 P. B |
| C 3 16 66 | 1.90 p w | 12 night |
| First Western and South- | | |
| western | | 7:30 P. M |
| Second Western | 9:00 P. M. | 12 night |
| Nashville and Southern | | |
| Kentucky | | 12 night |
| Louisville and Lebanon rail- | | |
| road | 6:00 P. M. | 12 night |
| Louisville and Lexington | | 40 -1-h |
| railroad | 7:15 P. M. | 12 night |
| Louisville and Bardstown | | 12:30 P. M |
| railroad | 9:39 A. M. 6:00 A. M. | 9:00 A. M |
| Cincinnati Mailboats | | 3.00 A. M |
| Louisville and Evansville | | 1:00 P. N |
| Mailboats * | | 12 night |
| Shawneetown (Tri-weekly) | 6:00 P. M. | 12 night |
| Tarloreville and Ricornfi. ld | 0.00 1. 14. | B |
| (Tri-mookly) | 4:00 P M. | 8:00 A. M |
| * Arrives Mondays, Wed | inesdays. Fi | ndays an |
| Saturdays, and closes Tues | days, Wedne | sdays, Fr |
| days and Saturdays. | | |
| Taylorsville and Bloomfield (Tri-weekly). *Arrives Mondays, Wee Saturdays, and closes Tues days and Saturdays. | 1:00 P M. | esdays, Er |

Mails for way-offices close at 9:00 P. M. on all e mailboats for Cincinnati carry only way-s, except on Sundays, when the Eastern mail

mails, except on Sandays, when the Baseth mails sent by that route.

No Sunday mails on the Louisville and Lexington railroad, Bardstown Branch railroad, Lebanon Branch railroad, and Sheibyville route.

The Box Delivery will be kept open until 9 P. M. Sundays—open from 8 to 9 A. M. Deliveries closed on Fridays from 10 A. M. to 12 noon for advertising.

CITY NEWS.

WANTED TO HIRE-A sober, attentive negro man for the balance of the year. Inquire jy30 dtf at the Democrat Office.

TO OFFICERS OF THE ELECTION .- We shall be under obligations to the clerks of the election throughout the State for a prompt statement of the polls. To all who forward us a statement of the official count we will mail a copy of the Democrat containing the official result as soon as it is ascertained. A little promptness on their part will enable us to furnish the result much sooner than we can reach it through the returns at Frankfort.

NOTICE TO PATRONS .- Those who desire the Monday issue of the Democrat left at their residences will please notify the carrriers or leave word at the office. The Monday edition will contain, beside the telegraphic news of Sunday night, all local and general news of interest up to the hour of going to press.

Speaking on the Point.

Judge Bullock, the Democratic candidate of Louisville to-night at Pitt's Hotel, on the fled. Point, at 8 o'clock. Judge Bullock is one of the most elequent speakers we have. Let the people raily and hear this champion of De-

Police Proceedings—Thursday, July 30.—
There was a fair amount of business transacted in the Police Court this morning. The first case presented was that against Sarah A. Collier for drubkenness and disorderly conduct. She was required to give bail in the gram's forces, rumbering 2,500, had arrived fail to concede a certain amount of sincerity process. It is such a move, General Buruside has a sufficient force at his command to drive them from the State.

LATER—Since writing the above the neon flag, but at the same time, God forbid that, while flighting for what we conceive, nay, what we know to be right, that we should fail to concede a certain amount of sincerity process. There was a fair amount of sincerity and the same time, God forbid that, while flighting for what we know to be right, that we should fail to concede a certain amount of sincerity process. \$100 for two months

The next case called was that against Geo. enuiston, Robert Johnston and Robert it. It was continued until to morrow morning, and the parties remanded to jail.

Johanna Cochran, who had escaped from the Workhouse, was next presented for side of Cumberland river is a few small bands drunkenness and disorderly conduct. She of prowling guerrillas. was sent back to the cave to work her time

J. A. Girvin, for drunkenness and disorderly conduct, was required to give \$200 bonds for three months.

Pat. Stinson was next presented, charged workhouse for six months, in default of bai'. Pat. McGrath was up, charged with attempting to stab without wounding, in sudden heat and passion, Edward Cronby. He was required to give \$200 security to answer. Several peace and assault warrants were dis-

ouncil were in session last night. In the er board a communication was received on the Mayor recommending that the Med-

The reports of the Marshal and Tax Collectors for the years 1861 and 1862 were received and filed.

board, reported that as two distinguished Generals were to address the citizens of Louisville, they had agreed to adjourn until Fri-

day night. This resolution was concurred in by the lower board, and both boards adjourned to meet again to-night.

ARRESTS .- On Wednesday night a man named James Gentry was arrested and placed in the military prison. He hails from Shelbycounty, Mo., and is supposed to be the same man that was tried in Missouri and condemned as a spy. He was sentenced by General McNeil to be executed, but succeeded in maklog his escape before the time appointed for the execution to take place. Since his escape nothing has been heard of him until he was

Gen. Thomas Strange, an old citizen of this place and an uncle of Gentry, was arrested yesterday upon the charge of secreting Gentry from the pursuit of the military authorities. Gen. Strange was placed in the military prison.

THE LIMITS OF THE SECOND AND THIED WARDS AS CHANGED .- The old line of the Second and Third wards commenced at the river, and from thence through Preston to the center of Jefferson, then down Jefferson to Floyd, and out Floyd directly south to the city limits. The dividing line now, between the Second and Third wards, is from the river south through the center of Preston street to the city limits. Voters living in that portion of the Second ward, west of Preston street of bone come out. will now vote in the Third ward.

BARBECUE -The Barbeeue at Hays' Springs on Saturday will no doubt be a grand affair. I will be a "high old time." The people will be there in their might and the candidates with the eloquence. Go every body and every body's wife. Mr. Wickliffe, the next Governor of Kentucky, will be there.

TABLEAUX.-The tableaux which were so admirably exhibited at the Masonic Temple. a few nights ago, will be repeated in Portland, this evening, for the benefit of the Baptist Church in that interesting locali y. Admission twenty-five cents.

It will be seen by Gen. Boyle's Special Order No. 182 that Col. Cyrus L. Dunham, of the Fiftheth Indiana volunteer infantry, is and ter, of Adams Express, have our thanks for nounced as military commandant of the city late favors. of New Albany.

L. G. Hicks was released from the military prison in this city, upon taking the oath for passing counterfeit postal currency. of allegiance and giving \$4,000 bonds.

One hundred and one rebel prisoners were forwarded from this city Wednesday to counterfeit postal currency. Camp Morton in in

Quite a number of rebel pr

Major-General Rousseau, in his great speech at the great meeting of the LOYAL Astounding Doctrine of the Louisville UNION Democratic party at the Courthouse last Major-General Rousseau is an honorable man. a Union man—none but Union men are can-And Major-General Rousseau said that if didates. I want and intend to vote for the he had the power of the Government he man of my choice, but Mr. Prentice says "no, would overturn the institition of slavery in you must vote for my Union man. If you would overturn the institution of slavery in the hands of every disloyal man in the nation, and that he would protect the slaves of the loyof monstrous dectrine to preach to a people who men as other property, so long as the Govern once considered thems lves freemen! men as other property, so long as the Govern ment permitted the institution to exist. And Major General Rousseau said that if any man said he was an Abolitionist, that man is a thief!

once considered thems Ives freemen! What mockery to have an election at all! Would it not save time and money to dispense with an election, and let Prentice & Co. appoint all the Stare officers? The people must decide

man. And Major-General Rousseau said he was fighting for LIBERTY! and Major General Rousseau is an honorable man. And Major-General Rousseau said there was great talk deneral Rousseau said there was great talk about the liberty of the citizen being invaded by illegal arrests, and that he had to statements contained in the accompanying say about that, that not more than one srrest had been made where a hundred cught to have been made, and of those arrested nineteen out of every twenty ought to have been hung. And Major-General Rousseau says he

And Major-General Rousseau said that all our own sick is, however, so great, and the the no-more-men and-no-more-money party of Kentucky, and all the conservative party in Confederate sick all that hymanity would disc And Major-General Rouseau said that all the North, led on by Seymour, of New York, are only another shape of secessionists; that they are traitors in hostility to the government, and get up mobs against the laws; and their leaders cringe l ke cravens before their own mobs, as Seymour did; and the only way to get rid of all such men, when they come ripping round as if they had a swarm of humblebees at their backs, is to knock them on the head—and Major General Rousseau is an honorable man.

Confederate sick all that humanity would dictate. I would, therefore, appeal to all such as the secsionists; that they sympathy with self-feeling, to come to our aid, and to contribute to our means either in materials or money. The articles most needed are knives and iorks, thi plates, tin cups, spoons, pails, brooms, mops, basies, sait cups, mora lite bars, faus, sheets, pillows and pillow-cas, shirts, drawers, slippers, handkerchiefs, towels, sponges, condensed milk, corned beef, crackers, farina, cornet beef, crackers, farina, c the North, led on by Seymour, of New York, an honorable man.

And Major-General Rousseau said that i the no-more men-and-no-more-money party in Kentucky got into power, and undertook in Kentucky got into power, and undertook supplies may be paid into the hands of to carry out their principles, that a mighty desert. Haywood, Henderson, or Peter, of the Kentucky Branch U. S. Sanitary Commisarmy which is south of them, and whose back has never been turned upon the enemy, would march back upon them, and all such men would have to leave the State-and Major-General Rousseau says he is fighting to conquer a peace-and Mejor-General Rous- Dr. Warringr, Agent United States Sanitary seau is an honorable man.

mond and Lexington have been greatly exaggerated by persons who have fled from the
ble; they are destitute of the actual necessamountain regions. During our stay in Frank- ries of life, and consequently are filthy from fort, we made diligent inquiries in regard to the whole affair, of persons arriving from Lexington, who appeared to be well posted. From dictates that something should be done for the distance of the something should be done for the distance of the something should be done for the distance of the something should be done for the distance of the something should be done for the something should them we learn that a force of rebels not ever seven hundred strong attacked a portion of the Tenth Kentucky cavalry and defeated know what action your excellent organization them. The rebe's then advanced to within may f el justified in taking in this emergency; consequently, I have ventured thus to address about seven miles of Lexington, where they about seven miles of Lexington, where they suddenly turned their horses' heads and commenced a precipitate retreat from the State. menced a precipitate retreat from the State. It was generally believed that this force had come up to assist Morgan in his escape, by drawing the attention of our troops to their for the State Senate, will address the citizans | movements, and hearing of his capture they

tucky, at the present time, is intended, and if the rebels should have the impudence to make such a move, General Buruside has a sufficient such a move, General Buruside has a sufficient

at Paris Wednesday afternoon and been driven of action to our enemies, or so far neglect the from that place. This is a pure exaggeration. We have made diligent inquiry, and learn that may have erred.

Hoping that you will excuse me for troubthere were not over one handred in the party ling you about this matter, I have the henor er, who were presented on the charge of there were not over one handred in the party useing counterfeit money, and having the that advanced on Paris, and that they were to remain, very respectfully, anne in their possession with intent to pass
t. It was continued until to morrow morrsued by our cavalry. We have also information that there are no rebel forces this side of Richmond, and that the only rebel force this

A fine display was made yesterday them splashing through the miry ruts and with assaulting his child. He went to the gullies, and through the numerous muddy wishing that the procession could have been graced by the addition of the honorable members of the Common Council and Board of Aldermen, with His Honor, the Mayor, and Street Commissioners, Inspectors, and the a fine opportunity for reflection on the subject

Taylor P. Smith, who has been announced through our columns for the Legiscal College be procured for the Female High lature, in the district composed of the First, a ter such decision against him, to pay his Tenth and Eleventh wards, has, at the solicirace. He is well known to the voters of that the Board of Enrollment for his appearance portion of the city. He is a Union Democrat of the Douglas school. Let the loyal and patriotic citizens of that Legislative District see to it that he is triumphantly elected on Monday next.

Wm. Bailey, the old Street Inspector, is a candidate for re-election to that office. He has filled the office to the satisfaction of the public generally, and now holds it by appointment. This office has been in other isfaction. Remember, then, and give old of procuring substitutes, only tend to add to hands, but no one has given more general sat-Billy Bailey a lift on Monday next.

Mr. Richard C. Hudson is a candidate for the Legislature in Oldnam county. Mr. Hudson is a sound Democrat and Constitutional Union man. He is most favorably known to the people of Oldham, and would Candles, tallow, per pound, \$2 25; candles, make a first rate member of the Legislature. adamantine, per pound, \$4 50; English pine Let them see to it that he is elected.

At the United States Court in Utica, N. Y., last week, a manufacturer of pency tokens was indicted, convicted and sentenced to one year in the State prison. The tokens were "in the similitude of the coin of the United States," and bore the inscription, "Not one cent."

A letter from Milan says that Garibaldi is in a weak state of health, and will never be able to head an army again. The wounded foot is stiff, and the General can tea, Young Hyson, per pound, \$7; ol, keroonly walk with a crutch. The wound is still suppurating, and every now and then splinters cents. It will be seen that these rates are, in

There is a marvel of nature at Lyons, France, in the person of a young Spanish girl, upward. aged seventeen, called Maria Perez, who can lift up a weight of five hundred pounds with her hair. At the age of five the exhibited all the developments of a woman.

Some 20 prisozers were brought to this city last night on the Frankfor; train. They are said to be a portion of the robels that

Messrs. Ebrick & Palmer, and Mr. Hes-Matthew Schroth was held over in the

sum of \$500 in Cincinnati on Wednesday, W. Orr, the Assistant City Sealer of Cincinnati, has been arrested for passing

A man named George Lee committed shot was found to be 2,200 feet per second,

[For the Louisville Democrat.]

Journal. Our State elections are near at hand. I am and Major-General Rousscau is an honerable by giving a good majority against the despets.

OFFICE OF WESTERN DEPARTMENT U. S. SANITARY COMMISSION, LOUISVILLE, July 30, 1863.

Upon the capture of Vicksburg, there came into our hands more than 5,000 of the Confederate sick and wounded, who have no resour ces for care or supplies except such as are furnished to them by our army and by our people. The agents of the Sanitary Commisis for liberty. And Major-General Rousseau is an honorable man.

Solon have already responded in some degree to the urgent appeals for help in their behalf, and must continue to do so. The number of Confederate sick all that humanity would die persauce, pepper, mustard, whisky, ale and wines, lemons, lime-jvice, citric acid, vinc-

Money to be expended in the purchase of sion, and all supplies sent to the rooms of the Sanitary Commission on Fifth street.

J. S. Newberry,

Abscciate Gen'l Sec'y U. S. San. Com.

VICKSBURG, MISS., July 9, 1863.

THE REPORTED INVASION OF KENTUCKY—
The reports in regard to the advance on Rich
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The reports in regard to the advance on Richtheir relief—mag assimity to a fallen foe should surely call for prompt and symp thetic action for the relief of their present need. I do not fied.

From all that we are able to learn we do not believe that any formidable invasion of Kentroky, at the present time, is intended, and if

human being suffer, no matter how much he

EDWARD, D. KITTOE, Surgeon U. S. V., Sup. of "Confederate States Hospital."

THE CONSCRIPT LAW .- A good deal of amusement has been afforded to the legal fraternity by the very curious, conflicting and indefensible regulations and decisions which by sundry German benevolent associations, have been made by the Provost Marshal Genwith banners and admirable music, passing eral in regard to the conscription law. He through the streets in procession. As we saw has been compelled to play the crawfish in some instances, and back square out of his decisions. There are several decisions by him concavities in the streets, we could not help which are not authorized by the law, and to those obtained elsewhere, but when we which will not stand the test of legal examination. One of the orders which the Provost Marshal has just had to back out of, is that prohibiting a drafted man from paying \$300 exemption fee, after he had gone to a surgeon the company of the compa exemption fee, after he had gone to a surgeon for examination. Any person claiming exemption from draft by reason of any disability has the right to have the question settled by the Roged of Enrollment, whose decision thereon City Engineer. It would have afforded them for examination. Any person claiming exemp-CITY COUNCIL -Both boards of the City of certain much needed public improvements. the right to have the question settled by the Board of Enrollment, whose decision thereon is final. If the Board shall have decided that the claimant is liable to serve, he has the right. commutation money or to furnish a substitute tation of many friends, consented to make the within such extended time as may be fixed by for duty. Nearly as absurd is the conclusion cannot be furnished as substitutes. There are plenty of soldiers now doing good service from sixteen to twenty years old, and as many over forty-five, whom the Government had no hesitation in accepting when offered as volunteers. There is no reason, why persons of those ages, offered as substitutes, if physically able, should not be accepted willingly. All the attemp's to interpose obstacles in the way

> and to increase the difficulties of its enforce-The Richmond Sentinel of the 24th gives the following record of sales made on Main streets. the previous day, and at wholesale prices: apple cheese, per pound, \$4 50; English drum cheese, per pound, \$4 25; American cheese, per pound, \$2 80; Worcestershire sauce, per single bottle, \$7 25; clarified sugar, per pound, \$3 85; brown sugar, per pound, \$1 67; roll butter, per pound, \$2 85; lard, per pound, \$1 50; molasses, New Orleans, per gallon, \$11 25; salt, from North Carolina, per pound, 40 cents; coffee, Rio, per pound, \$4 15; coffee, Cuba, per pound, \$3 30; cognac brandy, per dozen bottles, \$140; claret wine, per dozen bottles, \$80; salad oil, single bottle, \$7 25; sene, per gallon, \$20; rice, per pound, 26 regard to several articles, higher than any previous quotations, and the tendency is still

the unpopularity of the conscription law,

A correspondent of the Boston Jour nal writes from one of the monitors before Charleston:

This afternoon we have been permitted a sight which gladdened our eyes and gave us hope of success. One by one cotton bales have been lowered over the parapet of Sumare said to be a portion of the rebels that made the raid in the vicinity of Paris and Lexington.

Lexington.

We are under especial obligations to Mr. Joe Winter for a copy of the Nushville Dispatch of yesterday. No regular mail came through yesterday.

The best beautiful that the rebels that the face of the fort. Critarily no such means of defense would have been resorted to, if. Sumter had not been seriously damaged on the 7th of April last. Every day has brought us evidence that an attack should have succeeded. Undoubtedly, thirty minutes or an hour more would have made it untenable. One of the officers of the United States steamer when the parapets of Sumter, and when evening closed, a continuous tensor to face of the face of the fort. Critarily no such means of defense would have been resorted to, if. One of the officers of the United States steamer Wabash, late of the Powhatan, and now with us, states that immediately after the 7th of April fight, a section of the wall of Sumter was taken out from top to bottom and built anew. The scaffolding was up against the face of the fort for three weeks. But extendible segainst Fort Sumter, as opposed to 15-inch shot, reminds one of the expression of the thief, who said, "It makes his jack-knife laugh to see a lock on a mail bag."

day, at West Point, the initial velocity of the 5th year of his age.

Public Speaking.

"I am fighting for my Constitution. I am fight ing for the restoration of the Union. That is what I am fighting for. I am for carrying on the war, provided that this Abolition policy be withawn."—[J. J. Crittenden.
"If the Abolition party should ever get posseson of the Government, they will drench the whole
und in blood"—[Clay and Webster.
"The Union must and shall be preserved."—[Anevery Jackson.

I will speak to the people at the following mes and places:

Middleburg, Friday, July 31. Weatherford's Spring, Saturday, August 1. Hon. Aaron Harding, the Administration candidate, is invited to attend, and divide time, speaking hour about; and if he wants time, speaking hour about; and if he wants to be absent, running my back track as heretofore, he can send his orator—Jo. Chandler,
Esq., who voted against paying nine months
in the army, because of Lincoln's proclamation, &c., and now assails my position—or ora
tors Rigney and Pelley, or orator Bolling,
who, in his speech for Mr. Harding, said it
was all right to fight the free negroes of the
North and the negroes of the South in our
army.

I want all my friends-aye, the whole peo ple — to meet me at these appointments. I have been greatly misrepresented and slau-Come one! Come all! WM. JACKSON HEADY. je24 dtd

Hon. Nat. Wolfe, Democracic candidate for Congress in this district, will address his fellow-citizens at the following times and

At Kobbs', corner of Market and Ployd streets, Friday, at 8 P. M.

At Harman's, corner of Main and Twelfth streets, Saturday, at 8 P. M. Phil. Tompert, sr., will also speak at Kobbs

John H. Harney, candidate for the Senate, and Boyd Winchester, candidate for the Lower Heuse, will address the citizens of Jefferson county as follows: Middletown, Saturday, August 1 Speaking to commence at two o'clock P. M ounty candidates are invited to attend.

LOCAL NOTICES.

JOB PRINTING. The Job DEPARTMENT in the Democra

office is now ready for all kinds of printng. Bills, Circulars, Cards, Posters, &c., printed at the shortest possible notice, and at prices to suit the times.

Scott, Keen & Co., corner Sixth and Main streets, have just received a large and select stock of fine clothing and furnishing goods. my23 dtf Special, attention is called to Mr. C. Copencer's sale of a Government e'aim; 75 tons hay; rosewood p'ano, sewing machines and household furniture, this morning, at his

auction rooms. Clothes hampers, a choice article, just received at J. Sues'.

To Know is to Approve. - Rev. Geo. Hewlings, Greenport, L. I., writes: "You are at liberty to use my name, if you think proper, as a recommendation both of Mrs. S. A. Allen's Zylobaleamum and World's Hair Restorer for restoring the hair. Their virtues should not be 'hidden under a bushel.'" Sold by druggists everywhere. Depot, 193 Greenwich st., New York. jy24 deod3&w

Baby Buggies and feather dusters, sortment, constantly on hand at J

A large assortment of business suits at Scott. Keen & Co.'s, corner Sixth and Main streets.

World's FAIR, London, 1863,-The high est premium has been awarded for the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines at the World's Fair, recently held in London, England, with all other sewing machines in competition. This result was not unexpected of course, but is still highly complimentary to American genius, and a triumph more noteworthy considering the public sentiment in England. This marked recognition of this machine not only adds to its prestige, contirming, as it does, the numerous awards here, but should sa the public that if any sewing is done Wheeler & Wilson's is the machine to do it.

WM. SUMNER & CO.,

General Agents for the West & Southwest, Office No. 1, Masonic Temple.

ROOFING—The attention of the public is called to my elastic paint and roofing cement, which is considered by all who have tested it to be the best and cheapest material of the kind now in use for tin, iron, or metal roofs. C. Coggeshall, Jefferson street, beween Fourth and Fifth, Louisville, Ky.

For boys' and youths' crothing go to Scott, Keen & Co.'s, corner Sixth and

We believe that home enterprise should be fostered by every community, even when the results obtained may not be quite equal

WANTED! WANTED!-Gold, Silver, Demand WANTED! WANTED:—Gold, Silver, Dynama Notes and Southern money, for which I will pay the highest prices, at my office, Third street, one door north of Green, next to the Capital Drugstore. ap16 Julius Mendel, Broker.

Fine black dress suits at Scott, Keen & Co.'s, corner Sixth and Main streets. that persons under twenty and over forty-five Warranted equal to the best custom my23 dtf

DOMESTIC .- Pure Ohio Catawba Brandy DOMESTIC.—Pure Onto Catawoa Brancy, manufactured from the catawba grape, much purer and cheaper in price than the branies of the Old World. Invalids recovering from sickness, persons laboring under dyspepsia, persons of delicate constitutions, or aged persons requiring a stimulant, would do well to the cheapen a Brandy. Call at Raymond & try the Calawba Brandy. Call at Raymond & Tyler's, No. 74, Fourth street, near Main.

"WE PRESUME."-The rush at J. M. Arm strong's great clothing house, on Main street opposite the National, the last few days, "we presume," is in consequence of the reduction in the price of his men's and boys' clothing.

If you want a good fitting shirt go to Scott, Keen & Co.'s, corner Sixth and my23 dtf

The pole-evil, big-head, swiney and scratches, as well as all other external diseased of horses and cattle, are permanently cured by Dr. Bettison's well known English Horse Lini-

Main depat on corner Market and Eleventh streets, Louisville, Ky., at W. C. Coleman's Sold by every druggist in the city and coun-

SOMETHING WORTH KNOWING .- Bourlier & Cochran have just received a large lo: of enamcled preserving kettles, table mats and housekeepers' articles, among which is to be found such as were never brought to this city efore, 215 Fifth, between Main and Market.

Our Dr. John Bull is a Napoleon in his phere of action. His Cedron Bitters bid fair o clear the field of all rivals.

The largest and best assortment of gents' furnishing goods to be found in the city is at Scott, Keen & Co.'s, cor-ner Sixth and Main Streets. my23 dtf UNITED STATES REVENUE STAMPS .-- I have

Ontred States Revenue States.—I have on hand and will constantly keep a full supply of the above stamps.

Persons ordering by mail may depend upon having their orders filled by return mail.

Office in Customhouse.

PHILIP SPRED,

Col. Int. Rev. 3d Dis. Kentucky.

MARRIED. At the residence of John Doyle, in this city, an the 28th inst, by the Rew. Elijah Sutton, S, J. COYNE and Maggie Boyle, all of this city.

St. Louis papers piease copy.

June 29th, 1863, Mrs. Mary Jane Maddux, widow of E.
L. Maddux, aged 46 years.

She suffered intensely for four weeks Through the sadness and suferings of a sick bed there dawned a lweet pattence and an humble trust that reco.nized a love more powerful than even death—a love that made even the parting with one dearer than her own life. less bit ter, and not hopeless. Just before death ber loving mother rm, reaching out, eacircled her child—her one ewe lamb—her darling, that she had ever so tenderly protected, and with one l-st couvulsive pres ure she committed her to the etern 1 goodness of our Saviour, remembering He had said. "Let not your heart be troubled, ye believe in God.

On Sunday, July 26th, 1863, at Carlisle, Penn. Gronge. DIED.

On Sunday, July 26th, 1863, at Carlisle, Penn., George F. Hamilton, son of James and Sarah E. Reamer, age 1 years and 3 months. GROCERY, PRODUCE, FORWARDING

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NASHVILLE,

43 College st eet. SUMMER-SOFT HATS. STRAW HATS,

COOL ZEPHYR UNDERWEAR SHIRTS AND UNDERWEAR

MADE TO ORDER FROM MEASUREMENT.

Military Hats, Caps, and Trimmings to Order. Let those who have doubted the virtues of Bull's

EDRON BITTERS, if any such there be, read he followng Certificate from gentlemen well known in this comunity, and doubt no more. Its general introduction into the army will save the ives of thousands of our soldiers. LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 3, 1863.

We, the undersigned, have seen the good effects pro-luced by the use of Dr. John Bull's Cedron Bitters in cases of general debility and prostration of the system, and believe its general use would prevent disease and elieve much suffering. Among our soldiers particular, y would this be the case, especially those who are exosed to miasmatic influences in the Southern climate.

MAJ. PHILIP SPEED,

Collector Int. Rev. 3d Dist. Ky, CHAS B. COTTON. ector of the Port of Louisville, Ky.

COL.-H DENT.
Provost Marshal General of Kentucky.

REV. D. P. HENDERSON, Secretary Sanitary Commi sion. HARNEY, HUGHES & CO., Publishers Democrat. GEO. P. DOERN,

Prop. Louisville Anzelger. HUGHES & PARKHILL, Wholesale D. v Goods Dealers, Main street, Louisville, Ky.

DAVIS, GREEN & CO., Wholesale Shoe Dealers, Main st., Louisville HART & MAPOTHER, Lithographers, cor. Market and Third sts.,

Louisville, Ky. JULIUS WINTER, Clothing Merchant, cor. Third and Market sts., Louisville, Ky.

CAPT. S. F. HILDRETH, of steamer Major Anderson. MAJ. L. T. THUSTON, Paymaster U. S. Army.

C. M. METCALF, National Hotel, Louisville, Ky. COL. JESSE BAYLES, 4 h Ky. Cavalry

GEORGE D. PRENTICE, Louisville Journal. THE TURNED HEAD! This title of one of Dr. Warren's steries is realize

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE. WHITE TO BLACK,

red to a rich brown without drying up the juices of the hair. It is the only safe hair dye in the world. ured by J CRISTADORO, 6 Astor House Manufact New York. Sold everywhere, and applied by all Hair Price \$1, \$1 50 and \$3 per box, according to size.
jy25 deod&wlm No. 6.

Cristadoro's Hair Preservative. nvaluable with his Dye, as it imparts the utmost soft. s, the most beautiful gloss, and great vitality to the Price 50 cents, \$1 and \$2 per bottle, according to fe26 dawly

HAIR DYE! HAIR DYE! BATCHELOR'S CELEBRATED HAIR DYE IS THE est in the World. The only Harmless, True and Reliable Dye known. This splendid Hair Dye is Perfect - changes Red, Rusty or Grey Hair instantly to a Glossy Black or Natural Brown, without injuring the Hair or staining the Skin, leaving the Hair sof, and peautiful: imparts fresh vitality, frequently restoring it pristine color, and rectifies the ill effects of bad Dyes he Genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR, all othe are more im tations, and should be avoided. Sold by ail Druggists, &c. FACTORY-81 BARCLAY-ST., N. Y.

AUGUST ELECTION.

Batchelor's New Toilet Cream for Dressing

FOR STATE SENATE. J. H. HARNEY, senior editor of the Democrat, is andida e for the Senate, in the district composed of lefferson county and the First and Second Wards of the lity (3ld division).

FOR THE LEGISLATURE. Ye are requested to announce JOHN F. JEFFERSON a candidate for the Legislature, in the Dist ict com-sed of the Second, Third and Fourth Wards, at the uing election. posed of the Second, Interest of the Legislature, in the district composed of the Fifth and Sixth Wards. 15.28 We are authorized to announce JOHN WALTON, Esq., as a Democratic candidate for the Legislature, in the district composed of the Fifth and Sixth Wards. 15.28 We are authorized to announce OLIVER H. STRATTAN as the Democratic candidate for a seat in the House of Representatives, General Assembly of Kenthacks. 1500 the district composed of the Seventh, Eighth and Ninth Wards, at the August election. 1526 dise We are authorized to announce T. P. SMITH: 18 a candidate for the Leg slature fr.m the First District of the city.

We are authorized to announce JOHN M. DELPH as a candidate for the lower branch of the Legislature of Centucey, in the lower district, composed of the eventh Eighth Ninth and Wards of the city. jyl2 dte We are authorized to announce CHARLES L. STAN CLIF's as a candidate for the Legislature in the distric composed of the Seventh, Eighth and Ninth wards.

HUGH IRVINE is a candidate for the State Legislamouri invine is a candidate for the State Legisla-ture in the first district of the city of Louisville, com-posed of the First, Tenth and Eleventh Wards, je28te We are authorized to announce JONAS MARTIN as a Democratic candidate for the Legislature, in the dis-rict composed of Livingston and Lyon counties.

BOYD WINCHESTER is a candidate for the Legisla FOR CONGRESS.-FIRST DISTRICT. Hen. L. S. TRIMBLE is a candidate for Congress the First Distri t.

FOR CONGRESS-THIRD DISTRICT. R. M. BRADIEY, Esq., of Garrard county, is an inde ndent Union candidate for Congress, against W. H andall, the nominee of the Union Convention. Hon. HENRY GRIDER is a candidate for Congress, in mb21 dte FOR CONGRESS-FOURTH DISTRICT.

care authorized to announce Capt. W. J. HEADY candidate for Congress, in the Fourth District. FOR CONGRESS-FIFTH DISTRICT. We are authorized to announce the Hon. NAT TOLFE as a cand date for Congres in the Fifth District the ensuing August election. We are authorized to announce the Hos. ROBERT MALLORY as a candidate for Congress in the Fifth District at the ensuing August elect on.

FOR STREET INSPECTOR. JAS. T LEE is a candidate for the office of Street In-spector, Eastern District, at the ensuing election. j.28 dte*

WM. BAULY is a candidate for Street Inspector in the Eastern District at the ensuing August election, jyl0 te*

We are authorized to announce WILLIAM MODENBACK as a candidate for Street Inspector, Eastern Distric*, at the ensuing August election.

HATS, CAPS

AND

429 MAIN STREET.

PRATHER & SMITH.

F. H. HEGAN, Manufacturer of Gilt Work and Dealer in French and American Window-Glass, Wall Paper, Looking-Glasses, Photograph and Ambrotype Materials,

Americal Mark of the Mork is fitted with the most ap-My factory for Gilt Work is fitted with the most ap-proved machiners, and my facilities unsurpassed for furnishing Gilt Frames, oval and square, of new and ele-gant designs, at the lowest rates. Special atten ion given to the framing of Photographs Engravings, &c. J. A. MARYMAN,

AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, 147 Fourth Street, Louisville, Ky.

Keess constantly on hand a large supply of New

LOUISVILLE CARBON AND COAL OIL WORKS.

Wm. Skene & Co.

Refined Carbon Oil. Refined Coal Oil, Extra Lard Oil.

R. R. Fish Oils, Benzole and Naptha, Paint Dryer.

SPERM, WHALE, SEAL, AND OTHER OILS SUITABLE FOR BURNING.

Manufacturers of Coal and Carbon Oil Lamps of every description, from the cheapest Kitchen Hand Lamp to rich Parlor or Church Lmap, with Marble Bases, and most approved Burners, Wicks, Saade Chimneys, Globe Brushes, Lamp Trimming, &c., &c.

Warehouse and Store, Bullitt Street. Carbon and Coal Oil Works, Corner Sixteenth and High Streets,

ATARY GOODS.

J. M. Stokes & Son,

229 Main st., bet. Second and Third, Louisville, hy.

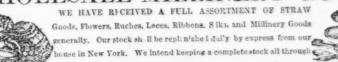
Swords, Belts, Sashes Pistols, Cots, Mattresses,

MESS-CHESTS, INDIA RUBBER GOODS, &C.

(SUCCESSORS TO MUSSELMAN & SON),

Third Street, Between Main and Water, Louisville, Ky.

WHOLESALE MILLINERY GOODS. WE HAVE RICEIVED A FULL ASSORTMENT OF STRAW



the season, and respectfully invite the trade to give us a call. CONTRA ANT CEDO 516 Main street between Ffith and Sixth. Louisville, Ky .: 405 Broadway, New York.

REFINED COAL AND CARBON OIL, LUBRICATING OIL and Benzole, Lamps and Chandaliers of all styles, for every use and place, with all the Fixtures and

> To Man BE WAR BY No. 219 Fourth street, between Main and Market, Louisville, Ky.

New Saddlery Warehouse. SAMUEL BAKER.

Texas and California styles made to order on short notice. FRUIT-CAN CEMENT,

BOTTLE SEALING-WAX, FRUIT CANS,

WRIGHT & BACON'S. 136 Fourth st., bet. Main and Water sts CROPPER, PATTON & CO., PRODUCE BROKERS

Commission Merchants. Nos. 113 and 145 East Fourth street. AT WHOLESALE. FEED AND GRAIN. SUPPLIES OF HAY, CORN, OATS, RYE AND HPSTUFFS always on hand and for sale by CROPPER, PATTON & CO., Nos. 143 and 145 East Fourta st.

PRODUCE. EN AND DRIED PRUITS, POTATOES, i, &c., &c., on hand and for sale by CROPPER, PATTON & CO, CROPPER, PATTON & CO,

LIQUORS. E WINES, LIQUORS, BOURDON and for sale by ALES, VINEGAR, &c., on hand and for sale by CROPPER, PATTON & CO., Nos. 143 and 145 East Fourth st. CONSIGNMENTS DESCRIPTIONS SOLICITED. LIBERAL h advances made on consignments.

Orders promptly filled by CROPPER, PATTON & CO., Nos. 143 and 145 East Fourth st. FORWOOD'S REMEDY THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING TESTED WM. H. FORWOOD'S REMEDY for BOWEL COMPLAINTS. MARRHEA and FLUX. or having observed its effects no others, confidently recomm nd it to the public as a fe. spe-dy and effective remedy for the diseases for orth, it is designed:

safe, speedy and effective remedy for the diseases for raich it is designed;
GEO, W. JOHNSTON, Judge of City Court, Louisville, C. W. LOUAN, Judge of Chancery Court for six years. V. McKNIGHT, President of the Bank of Kentucky. JOSHUA B. BUWLES, President of Bank of Kentucky. JOSHUA B. BUWLES, President of Bank of Louisville, T. W. RILEY, ex-Seeker Ky, Legislature & Attorney. B. F. A'ERIN STORMER, President of Bank of Louisville, R. C. OSEGUERY, Pastor of U. Baptist Church. HARRY STUCKY, Clerk of the Chancery Court. HOYAL TAYLOR. State Agent for Ohio soldiers. The Abre are of Louisville, Ky. W. L. WHITAKER, Col. 6th Ky., nem. Ky. Sen. & Aty. DR. L. J. KEELER, Surgeon 5th Kentucky Cavalry. DR. W. L. WHITE, late Sugeon, U. S. Ařmy.

I have used Forwood's Remedy in my family, and find it a safe, speedy and sure remedy for boto adults and children.

Judge City Court of Louisville.

Forwood's Remedy cured me. I used it in my family, and gave it to six cases of "Chronic Camp Disarhous," In one or two days all were cured, and KEPT W. L.

L. Col. 6th Reg. Kentucky Volun eer Cavalry.

Lt. Col. 6th Reg. Kentucky Volun eer Ca I used Forwood's Remedy in my family, and had it given to the men of my regiment. One had been confined one month, another had "Chronic Camp Dia rhea" for twelve morths. In two days all wer cured, and continued well.

Lt. Col., com'dg 34th Reg. Ky. Vol.

I cured myself with Forwcod's Rewedy, and gave it to fifty-two persons. Twenty-five of them had deeply seated "Chronic Camp Diarrhea." Every case was dured in from one to three days, and remained well. I did not produce costiveness or any bad effects.

Maj. W. N. FISHBACK, of Danville, Ky. Said medicine is composed of more than a dozen extracts from the vegetable kingdom, ob'ained in the United States, and from six foreign countries. It manufactured and for sale to Druggists and others, a No. 535, east side of Third str. et, 100 yard's south of the Pettoffice. Louisville, Ky.

WM. H. FORWOOD. WM, H. FORWOOD.

Jefferson County Farm for Sale THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE, on the river road leading to Westport. said flarm contains 158 acres of first-rate land, on which is a fine young orchard of five hundred trees selected fruit, just commencing to bear. Also, about three or four are in cultivation, the balance well timbered: plenty of water for all purposes. For further particulars inquire of Welman & Allan, in this city, or of the undersigued, on the premises.

Negro Woman for Sale. A GOOD COOK, WASHER AND IRONER, and suitable for taking charge of children, fold for no fault. Inqui: e at BROADWAY MILLS, jys1 d3* Co ner of Tenta and Broadway WANTED.

FIRST RATE COLORED WOMAN WITHOU

Soft-shell Crabs, FIRST OF THE SEASON,

YOUNG PRAIRIE GROUSE.

Fifth street, between Main and Market.

OUR RESTAURANT IS CONSTANTLY
supplied with all luxuries in season. Supplied with all inxuries in season, which can possibly be under the control of the control of

OFFICE OF QUARTERMASTER GENERAL
FOR THE STATE OF KENTCENT,
FRANKFORT, July 16, 1883.

THE NUMBER OF CLAIMS AGAINST THE GOVerament of the United States, heretofore sent me
for c. llection, which I have been forced to return being
so great, and belie vine that my position will enable me
to collect them at a much less exp. nas to the holder
than the discounts to which they have heretofore been
compelled to submit. I have now concluded to employ Claims.

Knowing that I con thus benefit the citizens of my Knowing that I con thus benefit the citizens of my Knowing that all who hold evidences for debt of any kind arainst the Government, will send them at once to my address for callection them at once to my address for callection.

JAS. F. "OBINSON, JR., jy30 dIm Quartermaster General of Ky.

Union Collegiate Institute, JEFFERSONTOWN, KY. There will be room in the family of the Principal for fiteen young ladies. Boys can be accommodated with nod boarding at reasonable pri. es, in the village. 1928 df PLI ThéSa. W. G. HARTER, Pres't.

PRUIT CANS, FRUIT CANS,

IN ANY QUANTITY FROM ONE TO A THOUSAND

S. J. HARE & CO.

GEO. W. SMALL HAS JUST RECEIVED ANOTHER LOT OF NEW Carpets,

Curtain Goods, and House Furnishings Generally.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING under the firm of Wellisch, Lucking & Co. was this lay dissolved by utual consent. Mr. A. Wellisch armes all the liabilities of the firm and is alone authorized to collect the debts due the same. He will continue the busicnss as heretofore.

A. EULISCH.

A. LUCKING. Louisville, July 9, 1863.

STAR CANDLES.—250 BOXES STAR CANDLES IN store and for sale by GARDNER & CO. STARCH.-100 BOXES STARCH IN STORE AND FOR

Headlight Oil,

Pure Rosin Oils,

Lubricating Petroleum, Car and Axle Grease, AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

AGENTS FOR JUDSON'S TRANSPARENT CONES.

Lard Oil and Lamp Factory, Bullitt st., bet. Main and Water.

MILITARY AND SUTLERS'

Manufacturers of all Kinds of

N. B. Particular attention paid to the purchasing of Leaf Tobacco.



Appurtenances of the Oil and Lamp trade, for dealers and consumers,

SADDLERY, HARNESS AND TRUNKS, No. 609 Main Street, one door above Louisville Hotel, Louisville, Ky.

YOUNG GROUSE

WALKER'S EXCHANGE, THIRD ST., BET. MAIN AND MARKET.

ST. CHARLES RESTAURANT,

N.B. We have constantly on hand a fine assortment of the finest of WINES, LIQUORS, CORDIALS, ALES, and PORTER, which we are selling at the lowest mac-ket prices. A large stock of fresh Cove Oysters espec-ally put up for us always on hand. C. R. & CO.

A TAMETING OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTES, held on the 25th of July, 1863, it was Resolved, That we are pleased with the management of the Institute, by Prof. Josiah Bliss, during the past year the profictency of the pupils, evidenced in the examination held in Jule, was such as gave general astisfaction to the parons.

This School is located at Jeffersontown, Ky. The next session will open the first Monday in September, under the supervision of Prof. Buss, with a full corpa of teachers.

AT CINCINNATI PRICES,

Shop on south side of Main street, between Righth and

327 Main st., between Third and Fourt 3 doors west of the Bank of Louisvi

FLOUR, FLOUR.

AUCTION SALES.

BY C. C. SPENCER. ROSEWOOD 7 OCTAVE PIANO, SINGER'S AND GROVER & BAKER'S SEWING MACHINES, HAR-NESS, HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE

AT AUCTION. MHS (PRIDAY) MORNING, JULY 31st, AT TEN o'clock, at auction-rooms No. 520 Main's rect, will sold one 7 octave Rosewood Piano, a Singer's Sewing achine, a Grover & Baker's Fewing Machine, a io of erness and a general assortm nt of Household and tehen Furniture, Stoves and Kitchen Utensis, consignithe and a grant a state of the st roess and a general assortm at of Hou-chold and chen Farmiture. Stoves and Kitchen Utensils, cou-ing the usual variety at my regular Friday's sales, sale will be importable and the entire lot will be sed out. C. C. SPENCER.

BY S. G. HENRY & CO. BY ORDER OF THE MARSHAL AND CONSTABLE FIRST CLASS SECOND HAND FURNITURE, CAR-PETS, RUGS, CHAIRS, AND HOUSEKEEPING

ARTICLES, AT AUCTION.

TO-MORROW MORNING, FRIDAY, JULY 31st, AT
10 o'clock, we will sell without reserve, at another 10 o'clock, we will sell wilhout reserve, at auctionnoms, a large and ceneral a-sortment of s-cond hand
arniture, Parlor Ch. irs. Carpets, Rugs, Mir. ors, Curdis and Housekeeping Ar acles.
27 This is an excellent lot of furniture, a portion of
nearly new and in g od order and well worth the atnion of furniture buyers.

Terms cash.

4028

Auctioneers. Terms cash.

BY C. C. SPENCER. COVERNMENT CLAIM, HARNESS, WAGON AND HAY, AT AUCTION.

MRIDAY MORNING, JULY 31st, AT 10 O'CLOCK,
will be pe emptorily sold, in front of auction-rooms.

o, 52s Main street, a claim against the United States
overnment, for the loss of the steambost Alhambria,
the Missis-lippi river. Also two s.ts of Harness, one
acon and from 50 to 75 tons of Hay, deliverable citter
the Kentuc.y river or at the port of Louisville. Parulars at sale. C. C. SPENCER, Auct oneer

BY C. C. SPENCER.

BY C. C. SPENCEK.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT A PRIVATE RESIDENCE, AT AUCTION.

ON SATURDAY MORNING, AUG. 1st, AT TEN
O'clock, will be sold, at the residence of the Rev.
Jos. S. Larre, on Jefferson street, between Eleventh and
Twelith adjoining St. John's Church, his entire Household Furniture, consistin jn part of Carpets, China and
Glassware. Mahogany hair seat Chairs, Sociables and
Rockers. Misses' Bedsteads, Tables, Enclosed Washstands, Hair, Cotton and Shuck Mattresses, Dressing
Bureaus, Cook Stove and Ritchen Utensils, with every
other article-necessary to housekeeping. ther articl-necessary to housekeeping.
The special attention of the i-dies is called to this ie, which will be imperative, as Mr. Large has given his pastoral charge here, and is about removing from C. C. SPENCER, ns cash.

BY C. C. SPENCER. FURNITURE AND HOUSEKEEPING ARTICLES A A PRIVATE RESIDENCE, AT AUCTION. MONDAY MORNING, AUGUST 3D, AT TE clock, will be sold at a private residence, on the ide of Eighth street, between Magazine and Broad is called to this sale, which is por

G. W. CHATFIELD AUCTION & COMMISSION BEADE SEL 731 Main st., bet. Seventh and Eighth, s. s., Louisville

HARRIS & CHATFIELD, AUCTIONEERS. SOLICIT CONSIGNMENTS OF MERCHANDISE New and Second hand Furniture for Public or Pri-vate Sale. Liberal cash advances made on consignments.

door Sales promptly attended to. er to-Gardner & Co., Nock, Wicks & Co., Smith ide, Wm. L. Weller, Webb & Levering, Louisville Auction and Commission Stable. HE UNDERSIGNED HAVE JUST OPEN-ed an Auction and Commission Stable on north side of Market, between Sixth and enth streets, and respectfully solicit the

a well-known auctioneer. Try us.
GASLIN & BRAWNER, Pro'trs.

DR. JOHN BULL'S COMPOUND

e Latest and Most Important Discovery of the 19th Century.

MAN 8 NAME IS MORE INTIMATELY COnnected with the history of the Materia Medica

DYSPEPSIA.

eries of experiments in which Dr. Bull has been ears engaged, has just been brought to a successful ination, and he is now enabled to offer to the pubcombhation of Cedron with other approved tonics, whole preserved in the best quality of copper-distinguished whisky, which he is confident has not in the wo.ld, might turnish a volume of certificates, but the chave long since learned to estimate such thinger is true value. The safest plan is, for every one to for himself the virtues of a new medicine. Give

Cedron Bitters, One till and you will never use any others.

It is not neces any to publish a long list of diseases for which the Cedron Bitters are a specific.

In all diseases of the STOMACH, BOWELS, LIVER OR RIDNEYS; IVER OR BIDNEYS; in all afections of the BRAIN DEPENDING PON DERANGEMENT OF THE STOMACH R BOWELS; in GOUT, RHEUMATISM AND NEURALdin FEVER AND AGUE;

N. B. TAYLOR, GENERAL PRODUCE MERCHANT

No. 142 Fourth Street,

Between Main and the River, LOUISVILLE, KY.

The highes' price paid for Corn, Oats and Hay, ja4 dtf J. C. FINK & BRO.,

DEALERS IN STOVES, CASTINGS AND HOLLOWWARE, AND MANUFACTURERS OF COPPER, TIN AND Brook and Fir t, worth side, in the house formerly occupied by E. Merkly.

We would call atte tion to our large and well-selected stock of Stoves, House Furnishing Goods, and, in fact, everything that can be found in our line of business. The senior of the firm having for many years been in the house of Wallace, Littigow & Co., and being a practical workman, we flatter oursel'ees that we are able to give satisfaction in regard to prices as well as workmanship to the stock of the stock of the satisfaction in regard to prices as well as workmanship to the satisfaction in regard to prices as well as workmanship to the satisfaction in regard to prices as well as workmanship to the satisfaction in regard to prices as well as workmanship.

Dissolution.

THE PARTNERSHIP OF KRACK, SNYDER & CO.
was di-solv-d on the 1st inst., by mutual consent,
by the withdrawal of R. H. Snyder,
R. H. SNYDER,
A. J. SCHAUL.

Notice.

THE MANUFACTURE OF GLASSWARE WILL BE continued as heretofore under the sivile of J. A. KRACK & CO. Office on Second street, between Mair and Market.

A. J. SCHAUM.

NOTICE. OFFICE LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILEOAD CO., LOUISVILLE, July 2, 1863.

L PAST DUE COUPONS OF BONDS OF THIS will be paid on presentation at this office and Morgage Bonds, issued for interest, ned if presented this mouth. WILLIS RANNEY, See'y.

WILLIS RANNEY, See's

NOTICE,
Barren county, Ky., on the 6th day of July, 13
a nearo boy, who said his name was REN, on first committee, and belo god to itr. Br. d. 16
of Lexineton, Ky, but now he says he belongs to tari d. Saids with the former y lived in Lexinet n. Ky, has removed to Henry county, Ky, Said boy is it years old, abou 5 feet 10 inches, high, copper color, a wide space between his name. D. B. DENTON, J. B. C.

U. S. 5-20 BONDS.

SCOTT, KEEN & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

MEN'S, YOUTHS' & BOYS'

AND FURNISHING GOODS. Corner Sixth and Main Streets, Louisville, Ky.

HINZEN & ROSEN, PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS.

NORTH SIDE MARKET STREET, BETWEEN SIXTH AND SEVENTH,

LOUISVILLE, KY. A LWAYS ON HAND A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF PIANOS AT REASONABLE PRICES.

AMUSEMENTS.

ODD-FELLOWS' HALL. On Jefferson, bet. First and Second sts. (Having been thoroughly overhauled and refitted), IS OPEN FOR

Balls, Parties, Public Meetings, &c.

PUBLIC SALES.

Commissioner's Sale.

John Maret, &c...) In Equity. W. H. Beazley, VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF THE GARRARD Secuit Court, I, the undersigned Commissioner cuit Court, I, the undersigned Countsion at public sale, to the lighest bidder, at use of Huffman, Duncan & Co., in the city Re, Ky., about the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., August 10, 1263—

50 bbls of Whisky, on a credit of three months, 50 bbls of Whisky, on a credit of three monus,
he purchaser to execute bond, with approved security
earning interest from day of sale, and having the force
nd effect of a judgment.

LB PORCH,
Commissioner,
37 bbls of this Whisky is said to be 5 years old, and 1
bls 4 years old
Samples of it may be seen by calling a
he store of D. B. Leight & Co., Main stret, below Sixti
jv31 dtd

L, B. PORCH.

59 Horses for Sale at Auction. ON WEDNESDAY, THE 29rm JULY.

ON WEDNESDAY, THE 29rm JULY.

Will be sold at auction, by Gasl n &
Branner, at their stables, on Market street,
between Sixth and reventh, 19 horses,
bought for Government use, but rejected owl. g to the
being too thin in flesh. And on Saturday, August 1st,
will be sold a lot of 40 of the same No. 1 horses.

Sale to begin each day at 9 o'clock.

iy28 d5*

GASLIN & BRAUNER.

For Sale. WILL BE SOLD AT AUCTION, ON THE PREM ises, on Saturday, August 1, 18-3, to close copart nership, the well-known and established property, the MARKET-STREET MILLS, With capacity for grinding 230 barrels flour, in complet running order. Sale to take place at 3 o'c.ock P. M. Terms made known on day of sale. Je18 dtd GUY & CLARK.



ZYLOBALSAMUM.

Convincing Testimony. 7. C. A. BUCKBEE, ssist and Treasurer American Bible Union, N. Y city, writes: 'I very cheerfully add my testimon to that of numerous friends, to the sceat value o Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Har. Restorer and Zylo WM. CUTTER, N. Y. City: "My hair is change

Sold by Druggists throughout the World

PRINCIPAL SALES OFFICE 198 Greenwich Street, New-York City.

J. H. MONTGOMERY, MERCHANT TAILOR HAS ON HAND A BEAUTIFUL STOCK OF Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, suitable for the season, which he will make up to order on rea onable terms. I will guarantee a fit to the Don's lorget, J. H. MONTGOMERY,

Louisville and Nashville RAILROAD.

SHOULD BE UNDERSTOOD BY THOSE are besiness transactions with the Compan administration of the Board is divided in

JUST RECEIVED. NEW GOODS.

FULL ASSORTMENT OF—
Embroidered Edzings and Insertings;
F ench Worked Collars and Sets;
Black Crepe Collars;
Embroidered Handker-hiefs;
Valence Laces and Edgings;
Black Gup Laces;
Fluting Scissors and Irons.

1,000 Embroidered Skirts at \$1 50 to \$2:
500 doz all-linen Handk'fs at \$1 25 per doz;
200 doz hem-stitched do at \$3 00 do;
Just received and for sale for cash only, at CHARLES F. RAUCHFUSS'

Cheap Lace Store, 309 Fourth street.

SCYTHES, SNATHS, CRADLES SICK-els, Grass Hooks, Rakes, Hoes, Fork-, Axes, ytones, Saws, Chisels, Gouges, Mallets, Man s, Shovels, Spades, Traps, Knives, Spoons, Ladles, Washers, Coffe and Corn Mills, ors, Shears, Thimbles, Needles, &c., &c., wholesale A. McBRIDE, 221 Third street. Carpenters' Tools, &c.

BUILDERS "ARDWARE, COOPERS" CARPEN most unproved quality, for rale whole-sale and retail by my2!

A. McBRIDE, 22! Third street.

300 BELS CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR, GRAND View Mills;
100 bbls choice Family Flour, Novelty Mills, Rockport;
150 bbls choice Family Flour, Blue River Mills;
100 bbls extra Family Flour, Model Mills;
150 bbls extra Family Flour, Ur ion Mills;
100 bbls extra Family Flour, Dale Mil s;
In store and for sale low by
1917

I HAVE SOLD MY DRUG STORE, CORNER OF Duryist ADOLPHUS SMITH, and cheerfully recommend him to my old castomers and all others who may have dealings with him.

EDW. PREUSS. Seamless Bags.

8 BALES TWO BUSHEL COTTON BAGS RECEIVED road and for sale by GEO. C. HUNTER.

Main st., bet. Third and Foarth. New Wheat Flour. A SMALL LOT JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE FERGUSON & SON, 1923 Fifth street,

SUNDRIES.—
50 bbls Flour;
50 boxes German Soap;
40 do Family Soab;
40 do Fox's Pearl Starch:
Also, Coffeer, Sugars, Wine, Brandies, Fruits, &c., at
jy26

A. FONDA'S, 305 Fourth st. K ANAWHA SALT. 5.000 BBLS CHOICE BRANDS Kanawha Salt in store and for sale by T. L. JEFFERG - Konawha Salt Agent, 1926 S. E. corner Market and First s.s. GLASSWARE. 500 BOXES GLASSWARE, ASsorted, for sale by
R. A. ROBINSON & CO.,
je20 d6&w2 515 Main street.



Family Sewing Machine.

WHY IT IS BEST. 1. It is more simple, durable, and less liable to de ngement than others. 2. It sews from ordinary spools, and no rewinding of 4. Is seam is so strong and elastic that it never breaks. the bias stens both ends of the seam by its own opera-Its seam, though cut at every sixth stitch, remains other.
Its seams can be removed in altering garments, AF-PROPER INSTRUCTION, without picking or cutting . Watching and varying the tension upon the threed It makes beautiful embroidery without any change omers prefer, with the privilege of exchanging.

"THE NEW ARMY CLOTHING MACHINE, No.
as no equal for that work.

"HEWMERS, BINDERS, CORDERS, BRAIDERS,
ILTING GUAGES, TUCKERS, &c, of the latest
most improved styles, furnished at the lowest cash
ics. VER & BAKER'S SEWING MACHINE COTTON M. Co. uence of extensive and timely arrangment nufacturers, we are able to sell this suberio 25 per cent, below the prices of other 1 ac

ng manufacturers. GROVER & BAKER'S MACHINE TWIST, now recognized as the best in the market, furnished in any GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO., Fourth st., bet. Jefferson and Green. W. H. GOLDERMAN, Agen

STEAMBOATS.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE. For Evansville and Henderson.

freight or passage apply on board, or to MOORHEAD & CO., Agents. For Cairo and Memphis.

The splendid steamer LIBERTY No. 2, W. Conner, Waster orts on THIS DAY, the Sist, at 5 o'clock P. M., fro For Cairo, St. Louis and Missouri River.

reight or passage apply on board, or to MOORHEAD & Co. Agents. The fine passenger steamer
SILVER LAKE No. 4. Willoughby,
Let Master, will leave us above THIS DAY,
Let Sist inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., from city wharf.
For freight or passage apply on board. or to
CROPPER, PATTON & CO., Agents,
1931

143 and 145 Fourth str et.

For Clarksville and Nashville. The new and light draught steamer CATAWBA, C.pt. Cookendorfe will leave as above THIS DAY, the 31 s., at 40 clock r. M., positively, fon the city wharf. For freight or passage apply on board, or to B. J. CAFFREY, Agent. 137 Wall st. For Paducah, Cairo, Hickman and Memphis. The regular passenger steamer
LIBERTY No. 2. Conner, Master
will leave as above THIS DAY, the 31s
st., atfoolock p. M., positively, from Portland.
For freight or pas age apply on board, or to
531

B. J. CAFFREY, Agent, 137 Wall st. For Cairo, Hickman and Memphis.

Leaves on THIS DAY, the 31st instant, the stand of clock r. M., from Portland wharf, the splendid steamer LIBERTY No. 2, Captain Conner.

For f eight or passage apply on board, or to iv31 T. M. ERWIN, Agent. For Nashville and all way Landings. The new, light draught, swift runnin passenger s'eamer ATLANTIC No. 2, Capt, Capenter will leave the city wharf THIS DAY, the 3ist icst., at

For freight or passage apply on board, or to
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
CROPPER, PATTON & CO., Agents,
iv31
143 and 145 Fourth stree For Nashville and Cumberland River. The new and light draught steamer aTLANTIC No. 2. Carpenter, Master will leave as above THIS DAY, the 31st nst., at 50°c'ock P. M., from city whatf. For freight or passage apply on board or to MOORHEAD & CO. Agents.

For Paducah, Cairo and St. Louis. The fine steamer SILVER LAKE No. 4. Capt. Willoughby will leave the city wharf on FRIDAY, the list, at 12 o'clock M., positively.

Ist, at 12 o'clock M., positively.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to
jy30

B. J. CAFFREY, 137 Wall st. For Paducah, Cairo and St. Louis, and all way Landings.

The splendid steamer JULIA, Captain McCloy, will leave as above on SATURDAY, the stangus, at 5 o'clock P M. from Portland wharf. For freight or passage apply on board or to 1,029 T. M. ERWIN, Agent, For Cairo and St. Louis.

The fine new steamer
JULIA, Cap'a'n McCloy,
will leave above on SATURDAY, the 1st August, at 5 o'clock P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
jy29

MOURUEAD & CO., Agents. MEMPHIS & LOUISVILLE U. S. MAIL LINE. REGULAR MONDAY PACKET. THE NEW AND FAST PASSENGER STEAMER
LIBERTY No. 2 having been purchased expressly
or the trade, will leave Louisville for Memphis punctually every Mo. AY evening at 60 clock, from Portland
wharf, takin reight and passengers to all prin ipal
andings on the Obio, and permittable points on the Mississippi, to Memphis.
ES State-rooms may be secured and freight engaged
in advadce on application to.

MOORHEAD & CO.

MOORHEAD & CO., or T M. ERWIN, Agents, Fourth street, bet. Main and River. LOUISVILLE AND EVANSVILLE U. S. MAIL BOATS. Leave Daily (Sundays excepted) 5 P. M.

For Owensboro', Evansville and Henderson, and all intermediate Landings. Leaves Mondays and Thursdays at 5 o'clock P. M.
BIG GREY EAGLE, Capt. J. H. BUNCS,
Leaves Tuesdays and Fidays at 5 o'clock P. M.
STAR GREY EAGLE, Capt. J. HUTSINPILLER,
Leaves Wodnesdays and Saturdays at 5 o'clock P. M.

Motice. All freight and passengers must be at the Portland chiral before 5 o'clock P. M., as the boats will not be telayed after that time under any circumstance. fetters, bills of lading, packages, &c., must be left with the Agents, on Fourth street, between Main and the river, before 3 o'clock P. M.

del0 dtf.

J. H. BUNCE, Sup't. SECHANGE OF TIME ("SE

V. S. Mail Line Steamers. The Steamers of this
Line will leave for EVERY DAY AT 12 O'CLOCK PRECISELY, Which insures the making of the 6 o'clock morning connection by railroad from Cincinnati to the North

THE RESERVE

Latest from Charleston. Bombardment Still Progressing.

Gilmore Recieves Reinforcements and Heavy Guns.

Erects a New Battery Near Fort Wagner.

Col. Hatch Routs Col. Campbell in West Tennessee.

Loss at Fort Wagner 1 517.

Gilmore's Batteries Advanced 600 Vards Nearer Fort Sumpter.

The Indian War Over.

Whereabouts of Johnston.

He is Reinforced by Bragg.

Sherman's Advance Clese on Him. A Big Fight Anticipated.

NEW YORK July 30. The Tribune's Morris Island correspondent eavs our entire loss in the late assault on Fort Wagner, according to official reports, is 1,517. The rebels claim to have buried 650 of them. This extraordinary proportion of killed could only have been reached by the most indis-criminate slaughter.

The officers and men of the Fifty-fourth ounded at Charleston have been treated most barbarously.
Opportunities to amputate were eagerly selzed upon by the rebel surgeons, and it was performed in cases of the slightest gunshot

ounds. On the left our batteries were advanced an influence for good at this momentous crisis hundred yards nearer Sumter on the 25 h, and six 200 pounders placed in position. New Yorn July 30.

Brigadier General Strong died this morning

politan, it is learned that the principal guns of Fort Wagner have been silenced. Reinforcements are said to have reached Gilmore, besides several 200 and 300 pounder

Offensive operations by Gilmore being ac-Washington, July 30.

orps. The Second division will be incorporated with the Twelfth corps, and the other, Carl Sourz's, has an independent position to guard the Orange and Alexandria railroad, from Manassas to the Rappahanock.

There has been no important field operations for some times for some ions for some time past. Our cavalry have een reconnoitering the country between Vashington and Culpepper. They have met

only small scouting parties of the enemy. NEW YORK, July 30. The gunboat Paul Jones arrived this mornng from Charleston harbor, Sunday evening. the had been ordered here for repairs, being eaky, and having burst her 100 pounder on

The siege of Fort Wagner continued when General Gilmore had succeeded in erecting a battery of heavy siege guns within one thousand yards of the forts, and everything was progressing favorably.
Sumpter and Fort Johnson, on James Is-

and, kept up a continued fire on our forces, but the casualties average but about six pe

The troops and navy are in fine spirits. MEMPHIS, July 29. The forces sent out under Colonel Hatch to ook after rebel troops who were entorcing the conscription act in West Tennessee, had a fight at Lexington, capturing Coionel Campbell, of the Twenty-third Tennessee, two Lieutenants, twenty-five prisoners and two cannon. Campbell was en route from Chat

tanooga to join General Pillow, who is understood to be near Paris.

Colonel Fielding Hurst, who was captured by the rebels, was recaptured.
General Rody's force is still on Bear creek.
Biffles, Forrest, Newcomb and Wilson, are
operating under command of Pillow. Gene ral Dodge is watching all these parties and will soon make West Tennessee too hot to

hald them. [Special Dispatch to the Missouri Democrat.] MEMPHIS, July 28, via Cairo, July 29. I learn from a reliable source, just from Granada, that Johnston has retrea ed to a creek about twenty miles below Jackson, where he is fortifying, and intends to offer fight. At last accounts Johnston's rear guard was at Brandon, Miss., and Sherman's advance six miles behind. Johnston has been re-enforced heavily. Already a portion of Bragg's army is with Johnston, and more are on the way. A big fight is anticipated. Franada, that Johnston has retrea ed to a

CRICAGO, July 30, Specials from St. Paul say reports from Captain Fisk's expedition state that positive information has been received of the complete discomfiture of Little Craw, and the deertion of all his followers but sixty, and his flight to Yellow stone, beyond the Missouri.

Now the other Chiefs are awaiting an opportunity to surrender themselves and their warriors.

accompanies General Sibley's great expedition against the Iodians, writes as follow:

The secend day after leaving camp McLaren, at Luc Traverse, a new enemy encountered us, and in a most formidable shape. We ware the second and th CINCINNATI & LOUISVILLE

turn.

A bevy of children were telling their father what they got at school. The eldest got reading, spelling and definitions. "And what do you get, little one?" said the father to a rosy-cheeked little fellow, whe, at the time, was slyly driving a ten-pensy nail into the door panel.

The people is stifled? Every the rights of a should now claim and exercise the rights of a should now cl

W. Rue, of the Ninth Kertucky cavalry, gives the following account of the capture of Mer-

I overtook Major-General Morgan and his entire force on the 26.h inst., at 2 P. M. On the first sight of the enemy I found that he was moving rapidly towards Smith's Ford. I at once commenced a rapid movement to in-tercept him. I succeeded in my attempt. The result was the surrender of Gen. Mor-

The result was the surrender of Gen. Morgun's forces to my command.

On my approach to the road on the enemy's front, I observed a flag of truce advancing to me. I proceeded to the spot, and asked the bearer what he wanted. He said he demanded a surrender of the militia forces now advancing. I told him at once to return to General Morgan and te'l him that I did not command militia; that I would not surrender, but demanded an unconditional surrender of his entire forces, or I would open fire er of his entire forces, or I would open fire nmediately upon them.

In a few minutes Captain Neil, of the

Ninth Kentucky cavalry (under my command), came up from my left with Major Steel, of the rebel force, bearing a flag of truce, and stating that General Morgan's forces had alstating that teneral Morgan's forces and already surrendered and they hoped they would not be fired on. I essured Major Steel that there was no dauger while the flag was present. I at once concluded the surrender was complete, and remarked to the parties that all should memain quiet until General Shockleford arrived. I then rode forward and met General Morgan, under a full helief that the General Morgan, under a full belief that the affair was all settled. It was soon observed by some one that the erms of surrender were made with Captain

burbridge, of the militia, who was a prisoner in Morgan's ranks, he permitting Morgan and his officers to be paroled and field and line officers to retain their side arms. On seeing Captain Burbridge he told me that such was the case. I asked him at what time and how the case. I asked him at what time and how long since Morgan had surrendered to him. He said at the same time I myself had intercepted him. This was quite a trick, and I paid no more attention to the affair, but turned John and his party over to Gen. Shackle ford, and proceeded to disarm the prisoners, and, except the line officers, I let them keep their side arms for the present, until the Bur-bridge surrender was further investigated. Burbridge's surrender was a mere ruse.

To the Voters of the Seventh Congressional District.

The lamentable death of the Hon. John J. Crittenden, which will be mourned by the people of the nation everywhere throughout its expanded limits, but more especially by Massachusetts (colored) will not be given up to us, and unofficial reports say the negroes have been sold into slavery. Other officers treated with unmeasured abuse. In fact, all our gressional districts should choose some one to take his place in the Halls of Congress. It is impossible for any one left among us "to fill the measure of his stature" in the Councils of the Nation. His long public services his eminent talents, his splendid oratory, an On the left our batteries were advanced above all his enlightened patriotism, gave him Utterly vain, however, as is the effort to fill the vacancy caused by his removal from earth, from all the living that he has left behind Brigadier General Strong died this mortalistic from wounds received at Fort Wagner.

A Washington correspondent states that President Lizeoln will visit New England 2002.

Consented to submit my humble claims to consideration, and am a candidate to

represent you in the next Congress.

The election is so close at hand that it will be out of my power to mingle extensively with the people of the district, or to address any considerable number of those whose suffrages I seek. But I shall make the most of Parrott gues.

Rebel officers are excessively exasperated at any considerable number of those whose sufbeing attacked by the Massachusetts 54th On being asked for the body of Colonel Shaw the rebel reply was, "He has been buried along with his niggers."

Officers are excessively exasperated at any considerable number of those whose sufferes I seek. But I shall make the most of the time left me between this and the day of the election, and will endeavor to meet as many of the assemblages of the people as is noscille. But in order that my position was possible. But in order that my position may not be the subject of doubt, and still less o misr presentation, as I know it has been, will briefly state it.

WASHINGTON, July 30.

W thin a few days past, more than 2,000 cavalrymen, representing every regiment in the army of the Potomac, have arrived here tor horses to take the place of those damaged by late excessive services.

Advices from the Army of the Potomac tonight say the Eleventh corps is to be broken up. The First division will go with General Howard, who takes command of the Second corps. The Second division will briefly state it.

I have been a Representative in the Legislature from the county of Fayette for the last two terms, embracing a period of four years. During this time the fearful and gigantic rebellion which threatened the life of the nation was inaugurated. I did not hesitate to take my stand then for the Union, and I have consistently occupied it ever since. "The Union sit was under the Constitution as it is" was the banner under which I enlisted. In acthe banner under which I collisted. In accepting this platform I was but one of the great mass of the people of Kentucky whe pledged to it their constant and unceasing deotion. The records of the Legislature, eedings of State Conventions and of prima assemblages of the citizens of Kentucky, alternish abundant proof that this was the position of the Union party of Kentucky, taken

t the outbreak of the rebellion, and repeat dly affirmed since.
When the leaders of this rebellion charged that the success of the Republican party at the Presidential election of 1860 fereshadow-ed an assault upon the institution of slavery in the States where it existed, the advocates of the Union cause in Kentucky denied it and contended that the charge rested upon the baseless fabric of their own heated imagnations. And we did not hesitate to add th ssurance that whenever the dominant party nade use of the power which their position conferred upon them to commit outrages up on State and individual rights, held under the Constitution, which alone constitute the bond of our Union, the Union party of Kentucky would throw its whole power in opposition They did not promise to join the rebellion to overthrow the government, for they always seld that secession was a remedy for no evi but they pledged themselves to resist within the Union all attempts to destroy the Union and to trample under foot the rights rendere

sacred and secure by that instrument.
By that pledge 1 will stand. I am opposed to the war policy of the Administra-tion, believing with the lamented Crittenden that it is nade up of "measures of folly and fanaticism, of vengeance and abolition," and that they are not only "unconstitutional, but grossly impolitic and unjust." I have op-posed and denounced, and, if elected your Representative, will continue to oppose and Representative, will continue to oppose and denounce, all attempts to interfere with slavery in the States, whether it be by Presidential edict, by Congressional action, or by both combined, with the military power which, for a totally different purpose, has been placed in their hands. I shall also continue to denounce, as I have consistently done from the beginning (having voted for the resolution requesting the President to remove Mr. Cameron, the then Secretary of War, for Mr. Cameron, the then Secretary of the training, disciplining and arming of ne-groes in this war. And I shall support no measure, no matter what may be its pre-tended object, which is designed to overture the rights of the States which are guaranteed by constitutional enactment. To all consti by constitutional enactment. To all constitutional and legitimate measures for the suppression of the rebellion, I will give a cordial and earnest support; and I shall use all the powers I am possessed of to arrest the Adninistration in its fanatical and unconstitu

Now the other Chiefs are awaiting an opportunity to surrender themselves and their warriors.

CINCINNATI, July 30.

Morgan and several of his officers arrived at Columbus this afternoon, and were lodged in the penitentiary. After searching and bathing them they were conducted to their cells, where they will be confined according to the rules of that institution.

PHILADELPHIA, July 30.

Among these who were drafted to-day were three more telegraphers, making fifteen in all from the American Company, including assistant managers.

The subscription rgent reports the sale of to-day \$1,553,450, five-twenties.

CLOUDS OF GRASSHOPPERS IN MINNESOTA.

A correspondent of the St. Paul Pioneer, who accompanies General Sibley's great expedition against the Indians, writes as follows:

CLOUDS OF GRASSHOPPERS IN MINNESOTA.

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CLOUDS OF GRASSHOPPERS IN MINNESOTA.

A correspondent of the St. Paul Pioneer, who accompanies General Sibley's great expedition against the Indians, writes as follows:

The secend day after leaving camp McLarter they many intended to appear the proper to the subscription of the past twenty-four hours are as follows:

The limits of a circular do not permit me to more into detail. If the people of the district shall confer upon me the high privilege for representing them in Congress, I shall endeavor to repay their confidence by a faithful discharge of my duties, looking to the Interest shall confer upon me the high privilege for representing them in Congress, I shall endeavor to repay their confidence by a faithful discharge of my duties, looking to the Interest shall endeavor to repay their confidence by a faithful discharge of my duties, looking to the Interest of the state and nation. The past of my shall endeavor to repay their confidence by a faithful discharge of my duties, looking to the Interest of the state and nation. The past of my shall endeavor to the state of th tional course.

The limits of a circular do not permit me to

THE CATURE OF MORGAN.-Major George FINANCE AND TRADE OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE DEMOCRAT. THURSDAY EVERING, July 30th, 1862.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE DEMOCRAT. THURSDAY EVERING, July 30th, 1862.

For particulars of currency matters see specie and bank note list.

FLOOR AND GRAIN—Superfine Flour at 4464 50, and extra brands at 4565 50, and extremely dull. New Wheat at 5565 50, and extremely dull. New Wheat at 5565 for red and white. Most of the mills are idle and buying spiringly. Corn from store and wagons 70675c; retail 8025c. Barley 35624 00. Oats 70675c, sacks extra. Bran we quote at 414.

GROCKRIES—Transactions still limited. Sugar we quote at 13614e by hhd; in bbls 13161414c; Crushed 1616c. New Orleans Molsses 68670c per gallon. Coffee 31623c. Sales Golden Strup in bbls at 70677c.

Sales Golden Strup in bbls at 70677c.

Corrons, &c—Brown Sheetings 35c. Yarns we quote at 40, 41 and 42c for the various numbers, Cotton Twine at 40, 41 and 42c for the various numbers at 40, 41 and 42c for the various numbers at 40, 41 and 42c for the he extra brands at \$5@5 50, and extremely dull. New I. Wheat at \$5@95c for red and white. Most of the mills

HAY-We quote baled Timothy at \$21@22; sales from wagon at \$14@18, as in quality.

LINSEED OIL-Sales at oil mill at \$1 05. FLAX SEED-New has commenced coming in and sells t the oil mill at \$1 25 per bushel. LARD-Light sales at 9@9%c.

Manilla Rope—We quote at 18c. Mackerei.—In kitis, No. 1 \$2 50; No. 2 \$2 00. WOOL-Washed 40@50c; in grease 35@40c. POTATOES-Small sales new at \$2 50@3 per bbl.

TOBACCO-Sales to-day 51 hhds, as follows: 1 at \$5: 3 t \$6; 11 at \$7; 8 at \$10; 3 at \$11; 3 at \$12; 1 at \$15; 4 at \$16; 2 at \$17; 1 at \$18; 1 at \$20, and 1 at \$30 75 per 100 SPECIE AND BANK NOTE LIST. Buying, Selling,
25 @29 % cent, p'm
30 @25 % cent, p'm
26 @— % cent, p'm
4 dise par.
1 @ 3 % cent, p'm
5 funos, liver.... Demand Notes... Lastern Exchang Treasury Notes and Ohio money. Except-Farmers' Bank... Union Bank....

12@15dis@8 % cent dis. 2 % cent dis 20 % cent p'm

TELEGRAPH MARKETS. CINCINNATI. July 30—p. M.

No change in Flur market and very dull. Wheat is from home, and caused their blood to be shed for an insane project, the success of which would be the proclamation of interpotent of the proclamation of interpotent of the proclamation of the death-knell of State better demand at 50c in bulk. Whisky 3c. Good demand for old Mess Pork; sales 900 bbls city at \$10, and if they are willing to help themselves, give them every assistance, and protection in parts. nand for old Mess Pork; sales 900 bbl4 city at \$10, and t is not offered freely at this rate. A good demand for bulk and bacon shoulders at 4@5c. incjuding packages. Nothing done in sides. Hams in good demand; 1,040 plain sold at 9%c loose. Groceries unchanged. No

RIVER MATTERS.

STEAMBOAT AGENTS. Moorhead & Co., No. 116, Wall street.
T. M. Erwin No. 139, Wall street.
N. J. Caffrey No. 137. Vall street.
Cropper, Patson & Co., No. 143 Wall street.
N. S. Long, No. 129 Wall street. PORT OF LOUISVILLE.

ARRIVALS. ARRIYALS.

Gen'l Buell, from Cincinnati.
Atlantic No. 2, from Nashville.
Swallow, from Gallipolis.
Idahoe, from Cincinnati.
Glide, from Nashville.
R. B. Hamilton, from Memphis.
Charley Miller, from Cannellton.
Liberty No. 2, from Memphis.

DEPARTURES. Gen'l Buell, to Cincinnati. Swallow, to Cincinnati. Idahoe, to Nashville. Glide, to Cincinnati. R. B. Hamilton, to Cincinnati.

The Swallow arrived from Gallipolis with sel-

nen, after an unavailable search of a week or more for a hospitable debarking point, came down from Cincinnati and left for Nashville.

The Charley Miller arrived from Cannellton with

mailboat at noon. HENDERSON.-The Star Gray Eagle is the regu lar Friday packet, leaving at 5 P. M.

MEMPHIS.—The Liberty No. 2 will leave this afternoon at 5 o'clock. The Liberty is one of the

finest and fastest boats on the waters, and commanded by the right kind of men. NASHVILLE.-The fine little steamer Atlantic No. 2 will push off from the City wharf at 4 o'clock

The Silver Lake will push off at 10 o'clock for St. Louis. By Ed. Ford, of the steamer Atlantic, we lear that the Peytons, Magenta, Mary Keen, J. F. Pargoud, Magnolia, and several other boats, were burned up the Yazoo river. The A cadla and one

other boat escaped. The Cincinnati Enquirer of yesterday has the ollowing:
The steamer Fannie McBurnie, having been
The steamer Fannie McBurnie, repainted and

The steamer Fainte harder have have have horoughly overhauled and repaired, repainted and countries of the fair fairly leave on Saturday for arkersburg and Marietta, her old trade, in which he will continue as a regular weekly packet. The ramie McBuraie is now as good as new, and he fifteers are men of the right stripe. Ross & Co

officers are men of the right stripe. Ross & Colife the agents.

The Dean Line steamer, Rose Hambleton, will urrive from Memphis to-day, and leave again for that port on Saturday.

The steamer Idahoe left yesterday for Louisville, with her cargo of Cyprians, where she is ordered to report to Col. Mandy.

The St. Fatrick will be released in a day or two from government service, and will probably make a trip to Ponterov. trip to Pometoy.

The Bertha came down yesterday from some soint above with troops and horses.

The Diamond is at the wharf undergoing some

ingly. * * * * * fepsits.

A lad about twelve years of age fell into the river yesterday at the wharf and narrowly escaped drowning. He was rescued by a boatman. He is the son of a man named Robinson, formerly a mate on the river, and who was drowned about a year ago. His mother resides on Longworth street in this city.

The river at this point commenced rising slowly sterday, but is caused by the rise in the Cumberand. Business has been moderately brisk since our

At 13@14c by Molasses 68@70c per gation, New Orleans 60c p

Per steamer Liberty No. 2 from Memphis—50 bundles hides, 6 bbls tallow, 25 bales cotton 133 beer barrels, 40 packages sundries.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF CUMBERLAND, WINGHESTER, Tenn., July 28, 1863. General Order No. 175.]

ARMY OF THE CUMBERLAND: By the favor of God, you have expelled the insurgents from Middle Tennesee.
You are now called upon to aid your unfor-

tunate fellow-citizens of this section of the State in restoring law and securing its protection to persons and property, the right of every free people.

Without prompt and united efforts to prevent it, this beautiful region will be plundered and desolated by robbers and guerillas; its in-

dustry will be suspended or distroyed, and a large part of its population left without suffi-cient food for the coming winter.

It is true many of the people have favored the rebellion, but many were dragged unwill-ingly into it by a current of mad passion they ould not or dared not resist. The conspirators and traitors, bankrupts in

The conspirators and traitors, bankrupts in fortune and in reputation, political swindlers, who forced us from our homes to defend the government of our fathers, have forced the inhabitants of Middle Tennessee into this unnatural attempt to destroy it.

Remember, we fight for common rights—what weesk for ourselves we willingly accord to others—freedom under the Constitution and laws of our country, the country of Washington and of Jackson.

ton and of Jackson.

Assure Tennesseeaus of this, tell them that foreseeing the waste and suffering that must ensue from a state of anarchy, you stand ready to aid them in re-establishing and main-taining civil order. Tell them to assert their rights against an arbitrary and cruel revolutionary party that has ruined their State, im-poverished their families, readered their slave property insecure, it not altogether valueless, dragged their sons, fathers and them every assistance and protection in per-son and property consistent with your mili-

tary duty.

I. Officers and soldiers of the army of the Cumberland: Some grave outrages and wrongs have been perpetrated on loyal citizens and helpless women, by lawless and unprincipled men, wearing our uniform and call-ing themselves soldiers. Such violations of orders disgrace our country and our cause. I appeal to you by your honor, your love of country, and the noble cause in which you serve, to denounce and bring to punishment all such offenders. Let not the slightest stain arnish your brilliant record.

Let no thief, pillager or invader of the

rights of person or property go unpunished. Remember that the truly brave and noble are always just and merciful, and that by a strict observance of orders, you will crown your noble work and establish your claims to the respect and gratitude of our country. II. Stragglers and marauders separated from their commands without authority, who go thieving and pillaging around the country, are not entitled to the privileges of soldiers and prisoners of war. They are to be regard-

Gen'l Buell, to Cincinnati.
Swallow, to Cincinnati.
Idahoe, to Nashville.
Glide, to Cincinnati.
R. B. Hamilten. to Cincinnati.
The river was at a stand last night, with three ted to return to their homes. and security, or satisfactory assurance, for the faithful observance of their paroles, and will not be exchanged unless they violate IV. All citizens are invited to unite in restoring law and order, and in suppressing marauders and guerrillas. All privileges and

protection compatible with the interests of the service will be accorded to those who are The Charley Miller arrived from Cannellton with a tow, which she took from the Storm, the latter having broken a shaft.

The Liberty No. 2 arrived last evening from Memphis.

For Cincinnati.—The Major Anderson is the mailinest at noon. selves peaceably, are, on their own theory, by the law of nations, bound to leave the country. This rule will hereafter to observed in such

districts as come within the control, at the discretion of the commanding officers of troops in the district.

VI. Persons desiring to vote, or to exercise any other right of citizenship, will be permitted to take the eath of sliggiance, unless the commanding officer has reason to suppose a fraudulent intent on the part of such person. VII. Provost Marshals are authorized to parole prisoners of war, to administer the parole to non-combatants, and oath of allegia to citizens, in accordance with the previsions of this order, under such instructions and limitations as may be prescribed by the Provost Marshal General, or the Provest Marshals of corps, or divisions, detached or acting at inconvenient distances from their corps headquarters, reporting promptly a list of the names, and description of all persons so paroled by them, with their bonds, if any have been given, to the Provost Marshal General of

the army, at the headquarters of the Department, for record.

By command of Maj Gen. Rosecraus.

J. Bates Dickson, A. A. G. Headquarters District of Kenyucky, Louisville, July 30, 1863.

EXTRACT. I. Colonel Cyrus L. Dunham, Fiftie h Indiana Volunteer Infantry, is announced as Military Commandant of the city of New Albany, Ind., and will be respected and obeyed accord-

By command of Brig. Gen. J. T. Boyle. HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY, Louisville, July 28, 1863.

All persons having government arms in their possession will report the same to me at the courthouse, that they may be sent for and turned over to the Ordnance Department without delay.

Prompt attention to this matter may save
all parties concerned some trouble.

By command of Brigadier-General Boyle.

H B. Grant,

Captain and A. A. I. G.

C. COGGESHALL'S ELASTIC ROOFING. The best Material Now in Use. A LL PERSONS HAVING TIN, IRON, OR METAL ROOFS, will find it to their advantage to use

Water Filters and Coolers. W AUCH F HIGHS ARIC COOLERS
WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LOT OF CHEE
NEY'S celebrated Water Coolers and Filters combined. Persons using river water will find them a most
excellent article. Call and examine them.
MUNN & CO., 217 Main street.

A. ECDNIDA, DEALER IN FINE GROCERIES, TEAS, WINES, BRANDIES, &C,

B ON PRINSIPATE IN THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT

COGGESHALL'S CEMENT STEAMBOAT and RAILROAD MEN will find it to their interest to call and examine our CANVAS ROOFS. Jefferson Street, between Fourth and Fifth,

Wheet.

1500 BUSHELS PRIME RED WHEAT FOR VERHOEFF BROTHERS, Commission Merchants and Dealers in Grain.
No. 140 Wall or Fourth street.

No. 305 Fourth street, between Market and Jefferson, LCUISVILLE, KY. 1926 d7 THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE IN STORE AND OF.

The Forsyth left Memphis four hours ahead of the Liberty, and the Liberty beat her one hour to Cairo, thus making ave hours from Memphis to Cairo.

CAIRO, July 30—3 A. M.

CAIRO, July 30—3 A. M.

In store and for sale by

JOHN H GRI

Messrs. Editors: Our arrivals and departures for the past twenty-four hours are as follows:
Wednesday—Lady Franklin, Cincinnati to Memphis, 4 A x.; G. W. Graham, Memphis to St. Louis, 12 x.;
Belle Memphis, Memphis to St. Louis, 12 x.;
Belle Memphis, Memphis to St. Louis, 2 P. x.;
Live Oak, St. Louis to Columbus, 6 P. x.; Sam Gaty, St. Louis to Columbus, 8 P. x.; Ruth, Vicksburg to St.

Difference and for sale by JOHN H GRIFFITH, 167

109 ARN.

100 ARN.

TELEGRAPHIC.

[From Yesterday's "Evening News."

From the Rappahannock.

The Army Gone into Summer Quarters.

Some Skirmishing.

Officers sent after Drafted Men.

An Attack on Paris, Ky.

Rebels Repulsed,

A Large Cavalry Force in their Rear.

Morgan to go to the Penitentiary

Rebel Loss at Charleston.

Great Excitement.

Negroes Pressed into Service.

Women and Children Leaving.

Gillmore to have all the Regiments he Needs.

His Loss in recent Engagements not so Great as First Reported.

Charleston Must Fall.

Lisles' Sentence Revoked.

Fight at Winchester, Ky.

The Enemy Routed with the Loss of Fifteen Killed.

[Special to the Louisville Democrat.]

LEXINGTON, KY., July 30, 10 o'clock. There is no excitement in the city. The report that a fight had occurred at this place is false. All is quiet in this city to-day. A report has reached the city to the effect that fighting had been going on at Paris, Ky., and that the Confederate forces had been driven back. All is quiet. H.

PARIS, KY., July 30. The enemy, three hundred and seventy-five strong, drove in our pickets at tour o'clock, and were met by two companies of the Twenty third Michigan, a few of Capt. Reid's Kentucky cavalry, and two pieces of Henshaw's artillery.

The enemy were driven back two miles. They attempted to flank us and burn the bridge, but were again driven off. The Forty-fifth Obio came up on their rear, captured fif bridge, but were again driven off. The Fortyteen and compell d the others to retreat to ward Mt. Sterling.

ad men with eight pieces of artillery, were attacked by Colonel Sanders, at Winchester. They retreated towards Irving. Sanders is in

The men and officers of the One Hundred and Eighteenth Ohio and the Third Michigan Henshaw's, and Fifteenth Indiana battery, and Captein Reid's cavalry, behaved with great

Colonel Young, commanding the post, was very energetic.

No one was hurt on our side. The railroad is all safe.

General Burbridge, of Grant's Department, who is home on a furlough, volunteered his services and was complimented for his gal-NEW YORK, July 30.

The Times has the following: HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,

The army to-day occupies practically the same line it did two months ago. Recent active movements will be necessarily followed by a period of comparative inaction, during which it will be recruited and recuperated for next month.

The cavalry will do most of the fighting, as

The cavary will do most of the against, as I have before stated.

Longstreet's and Hill's commands, after passing through Thornton's, not Chester's, Gap, has encamped between Culpepper and Gordonsville.

Ewell's command covered their rear and flank by guarding the Blue Ridge passes. The bulk of this corps is now moving down the valley, and detachments threaten our lines.

Yesterday morning at two o'clock our pickets were driven in near Amisville, and indica-tions to day are that our outposts are liable to be forced in at any moment by superior de-tachments of the rebels.

There is but little sickness, and the men are more liberally supplied with rations than ever before. This, taken in connection with recent Union successes, creates a general good feeling in the army.

Large numbers of officers have recently been detached to bring on drafted men.

NEW YORK, July 30. The Tribune's Washington dispatch says: It is reported here by officers in from the front, that Gen. Meade threw his pontoon

It is reported here by officers in from the front, that Gen. Meade threw his pontoon bridge across the Rappahannock near the railroad yesterday. There was some opposition made by the enemy.

The Herald has the following:

Nushville, July 22.—We are permitted to send you the following facts, collected here from deserters just in from Bragg's army:

In the fight on Morris island, the rebels sustained a very heavy loss in killed and wounded. It was at first reported at five hundred, and then reduced to three hundred and fifty. Among the killed is Brigadier-General George Smoot, Colonel Langdon Cheeves, Colonel John Rookehan, Col. Bees and Major Yate. The body of Colonel Bees is in Union hands. The other three had been brought into Charleston. Great consternation prevails in the city. The women and children are all leaving. All free negroes are being pressed into the service, and the only hope for Charleston, expressed by its friends, is the bayonet.

CINCINNATI, July 30. Yesterday morning, Pegram's and Scott's orces, numbering about 2,500 left Richmond and crossed Kentucky river and marched to Paris, where they arrived yesterday afternoon, and attacked our forces. After two hours' tharp engagement the rebels were repulsed and driven away. It is thought that they will make a flank movement on that place. A large Union cavalry force is in the reserved. will make a flank movement on that place.

A large Union cavalry force is in the rear of
the rebels. It is believed to be a movement
against Paris for the purpose of destroying the
bridge there. Squads of Morgan's men are
being brought into Columbus by citizens and
the military. There are now 1,300 at Camp
Chase. Morgan will be removed to Columbus
this morning, and confined in the penitentiary.

NEW YORK, July 30. The Times' Washington dispatch says:
Gen. Gillmore has been promised all the reenforcements he needs. Charleston must
iall, and that, too, speedily, if energy, celerity
and 15-inch guos will accomplish the result.
The statement that Gillmore's losses in the
recent engagements were one-third of his
total force is pronounced incorrect. His
losses were not near so heavy as at first rep
resented, In the last action he did not lose
700. His total losses since he began the cam-700. His total losses since he began the campaign will not amount to over 1,000.

To prevent further misapprehension scope of the act of Gongress of March last, prohibiting officers and soldiers in the service of the United States from returning fugitive slaves, General Schofield has issued an order declaring that it extends to all troops in this department, including enrolled militia in active service.

St. Louis, July 30.

JOHN H. GRIFFITH,

PRODUCE AND GENERAL COMMISSION

IM ESTRICTED AND TO CHARLES IN T.,

No. 312 Main street, between Third and Fourth.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

SHAKER BROOMS.—50 DOZ JUST RECEIVED BY GARDNER & OQ,

THE CHARLES BROOMS.—50 DOZ JUST RECEIVED BY GARDNER & OQ, ST. Louis, July 30.

NEW YORK, July 30. In the case of J. C. Lisle, tried and sentenced to death at Cincinnati, as a spy, an order from the War Department revokes the sentence, on the ground that evidence has been produced that he was a member of Cluke's rebel regi-ment, and he will be held a prisoner of war.

CINCINNATI, July 30.

R'ver r'sen two inches, with six and a half f et in the channel. Weather cloudy. Ran last night. PITTSBURG, July 30.

River 3 feet 6 inches by metal mark and stationary. Weather clear and warm.

FOR SALE AND RENT.

For Sale Cheap. A GOOP, LIGHT AND STRONG SECOND HAND Spring Wag.n. Inquire at No. 1 Masonic Tem, le.

FOR SAIC.

A FARM, NEAR O'BANNON'S DEPOT, ON the Louisville and Franko't R diroad, containing Three Hundred and Thirty-Five Acres. Two Hundred and Fifty Acres well set in grass This is one of the best watered and timbered Farms in the neighborhood. Fine young Orchard and a splendid Spring. Address

M. G. STEWART, O'Bannon's P. O., 1922

FOR SALE. A LIKELY NEGRO GIRL, 21 YEARS OLD, A good Cook, Washer, Ironer and House Servant. Those wishing to purchase will address J. G., Democrat office.

For Sale or Exchange for Farm-MY RESIDENCE ON THE NEWBURG ROAD, about three miles from the city, containing the naves with confortable be illelings of all kinds. Will a quantity of beautiful shrubbery, a varie y of choice fruits, good string and spring-house, fish poud with lasting spring to supply it; on he most pleasant road from the city, neighbor-headt he very best; it is one of the most convenient and beaatifully arranged places in the country. Apply to me on the premises.

CH. J. MENG.

WANTED.

WANTED, BY A GENTLEMAN AND HIS WIFE. ABOUT three miles from town, a man to attend to a ga den, take care of a horse. &c. Al o a woman to cook, wash and iron A m. n and nis wife pre erred. Apply at the southwest corner of Seventh and Wan 1 sts. jy30 dtf

Wanted to Rent, A DWFILING, CENTRALLY LOC TED, COntaining about 10 rooms. Apply immediately, to S. ULLMAN & CO, 1920 d3*

WANTED. WANTED.

NERGETIC AGENTS TO CANVASS FOR THE HISTORY OF THE GREAT REBELLION, by Hoo. J. T. Headley, the most reliable, attractive and powerful Historical Writer of the age. First volume new ready. Agents are meeting with unperalleled success. Over 100,000 copies already sold. Circulars giving all necessary information in regard to the work. Terms to Agents, &c., mailed free. Call on or address. C. M. DUNN & CO., Publishers, 42 Fourth street, corner Walnut, Cincinnati, O.

A GENTS TO SELL OUR GREAT UNEQUALLED A PRIZE AND STATIONERY PACKAGES, containing 100 useful articles, and accompanied by a magnificant box of Jewelry, from which each purchaser can select a prize to suit themselves. The article scontained in a packag could not be purchased elsewhere for \$1, yet the price is but \$25 cents. Agents eas 19 clear \$15 per day at this great money-making business. Circulars sent free.

[197 dly Cincinnati, O., and Chicago, Ill.

STRAYED & STOLEN.

Strayed or Stolen, PEOM THE UNDERSIGNED, ABOUT THE 27 h of June, a light bay HOR E, blind in the left eye, white spot on the bead, large tall and mane. A lib rat reward will be iven for list recovery Apply to ANNA SNIDER, Newburg road, 3 miles from the city.

Strayed A BOUT THE 8rs JULY, A SORREL HORSE, BLAZE in the face, flax mane, bow ne ked, collar marked, about 16 hands high, between 7 and 8 years old. Any person giving information at the Democrat effice of Journal Office Louisvile, or Le gerotic. New Albay, by which the horse may be recovered, will be liberally rewarded.

S. M. LE ONT, Jeffersonvile, Ind., Louisville Journal and New Albay, Ledger copy to the amount of \$2, and charge this office.

Office of JAY COOKE.

Gen'l Subscription Agent for 5-20 Loan, No. 114 SOUTH THIRD STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

Their main force, consisting of two thou- COMMUNITIES AND CAPITALISTS NOW CONTEM-Communities and capitalists now content to batter the formation of the victional Banking Associations, under Secretary Chase's Bill, passed at the latter session of Congress, are reminded that the 3-20 to AN, now for a limited period to be obtained at Pak, may after the first of August be with awn from the "arket. The improved c milition f military affairs and the constant succession of victories, together with the completion of the preparations for the issue of the Four Hundred Millions of Legal Tender in crest be sing netes, or Treasury notes, renders the issuing of further long or permanent Loans, at present, exceedingly doubtful.

The Laus of the Government, maturing in 1881, are now selling at six per cent, premium. These would advance to lor 15 per cent, premium, if the Secretary of he Treasury should discontinue the sales of the 5-20's at the selves would so on command a hand-some premium should the demand for Government Loans, as the basis for banking or for in estimate, he at all active. It is possible that the recretary of the Treasury any ray r ceive Subscriptions to the 5-20 Loan for a longer period—should there by any delay in the preparation of the not s for the supplying of the Treasury with funds, or should he, in view of the minifest benefits to the country from the present popular mode of distributing to Loans of the Nation among the Prople—or to encourage the for mation of the New Banks—decid—it to be wise and judicious to further extend the time of Subscriptions to the 5-20's at part. His views and intentions on the s bject, of course, are unknown; therefore, the safest and wile st course is to subscribe at once whilst a six p reem Bond, with the interest and principal by subscriptions to the 5-20's Loan, and the subscription and the subscription of the National Banks, and the necessary steps to be taken. Pred documents retained to the formation of the National Banks, and the necessary steps to be taken. Pred decounters retained to the formation of the National Banks, and the necessary steps

J. R. DUPUY Attorney at Law LOUISVILLE, KY.
Office on Jefferson street, near the Courthouse.

WILL ALSO ATTEND THE COURTS IN OLDHAM, Shelby, Spencer and Bullitt counties. je30 d3m I. H. POINIER & CO., Commission and Forwarding Merchants,

No. 142 Fourth st., between Main and Water, LOUISVILLE, KY.

The highest market price paid in cash for Feathers. Ginseng. Beeswax. Dried Fruit. &c. ja20 Dividend.

OFFICE OF THE JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD CO., JEFFERSONVILLE, IND., July 23. A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. A and free from Government tax was this day de-clared from the profits of the Board for the h lf year end ne June 80th last, by the Directors of this Com-pany, payale at their office in Jefersonville on a.d after the first day of August next.

J. H. McCAMPRELL.

jy24 die Secretary and Treasurer.

NOTICE.

THE FIRM OF JUL. DORN & CO. HAS THIS DA'
been changed to the firm of DORN, BARKHOUS!
& CO. Thanking our 'patrons for past favors, we off,
them and the public in general our services, assurin
them of prompt and punctual attention to all busines
entrusted to us. DORN, BARKHOUSE & CO.

Produce and Commission Merchants. them of prompt and punctual attention to all businesses tripled to us. DORN, BARKHOUSE & CO.,
Produce and Commission Merchants,
No. 428 Main street,
Louisville, July 1st, 1863—171

J. ANTHONY & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF CIDER APPLE AND WINE VINEGAR No. 133 Fourth st., bet. Main and River.

LOUISVILLE, KY. NO ACID OR OTHER DELETERIOUS SUB poses for which Vinegar is made. A large supply always in store and for sale in lots to the trade only.

DEALERS IN Pure Bourbon and Rye Whisky Foreign and Domestic Liquors.

ZOELLER'S SALOON,

South side Jefferson st., b.t. Third and Fourth.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS ESTABLISHMENT would respect ully an ounce to his friends and the public that he has lately refitted and furnished his house in excellent style, and keeps on hand the best and purposit A splendid LUNCH will be served every morning at 10 o'clock. Cold lunches can b'had at all hours of the day. Catawba and Rhine Wine can be had by the bottle.

Thankful for past favors, he hopes by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of the same.

1025 K. J. ZOELLER.

TO THE LADIES.

GET A BOTTLE OF PEARL DROPS.

One of the greatest bean ifters of the complexion extent. Two colors always on hand— Rose Pink and Clear White. Special attention paid to orders from Ladies.
Price 50 cents per bottle.
MOZAKT HALL DRUG STORE,
Northeast corner of Fourth and Jefferson
jyl4

K. F. HAREMAN, Propriete

DRY GOODS. AT GREATLY

CINCINNATI, July 30. Pegram's forces have retreated towards Winchester, followed by our cavalry. A number of prisoners have been taken.

DINGFELDER & GOLDMAN

No. 323 Fourth Street, BETWEEN MARKET AND JEFFERSON.

AVE RECEIVED FROM LATE AUCTION SALES

MOZAMBIQUES, PLAIN;

MOZAMBIQUES, CHECKED; CHALLIES; PLAID AND PLAID LUSTERS;

TAMARTINES: BAREGES: GRENADINES; LAWNS: ORGANDIES:

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS,

These articles we are offering from 30 to 70 per cen heaper than they have been bought before. We also call attention of wholesale buyers to o stock of DRY GOODS, and invite them to examine ou

Goods before buying elsewhere. DINGFELDER & GOLDMAN, No. 323 Fourth street.

304 FOURTH STREET.

REDUCTION IN

DRESS GOODS. FIGURED ORGANDIES AND JACONETS; PRINTED LINEN LAWNS; MOZAMBIQUES in great variety; BLACK AND WHITE CHECKED POPLINS

NEAT CHECKED SILKS in all colors; CHECKED AND EMB'D ENGLISH BAREGES; SPRING CHINTZES; FRENCH LACE POINTS: FRENCH LACE MANTLES will be sold at great's reduced prices;

e are receiving-PINK AND BUFF JACONETS: BLUE AND PINK PERCALS; LUN UMBRELLAS: PLAIN AND CHECKED NAINSOOKS; PARIS SWISSES: MULL MUSLINS: SOFT FINISHED JACONETS; IRISH LINENS AND KENTINGS: BAJOU'S B. ACK AND COLORED KIDS; QUAKER HOOP-SKIRTS; LACE MITTS: BALLARDVALE AND GAUZE FLANNELS; GAUZE AND DOMET FLANNELS; 3-4 AND 6-4 BLACK DELAINES; LUPEN'S BLACK BOMBAZINES; BLEACHED AND BROWN DOMESTICS:

MARSEILLES AND ALLENDALE QUILTS; HONEY-COMB QUILTS. MARTIN & CRUMBAUGH, jy18 tf 304 Fourth st , bet. Market and Jefferson. MASONIC BUILDINGS.

Corner Fourth and Jefferson. SUMMER DRESS GOODS

At Greatly Reduced Prices. Mozambiques; Silk Gre

With many other Goods much under former prices.

MARK & DOWNS. COAL AND LUMBER.

COAL, COAL. THE UNDERSIGNED KEEP CONSTANTLY ON hand a choice lot of

PITTSBURG COAL, together with all other kinds kept in this market, to which they would invite the attention of buyers. Having had long experience in the business, we fel confident we can give eather as the factor in every particular. We ask a continuance of the patronage heretofore so itherally besowed, as well as an increase of new customers. Our office is on Market street, between Sixth and Sevenín streets, and on Water and First streets.

jell dtf. BOWSER & FULTZ.

Coal! Coal! Coal! T. W. BRIGGS WISHES TO INFORM HIS FRIENDS AND patrons that he has removed from his old stand in Market street, and has opened offices on Fhird St., bet. Main and Market and on

Cor. Preston and Washington Sts., Where he will keep the best quality of Pittsburg Coal,

Wholesale and retail, at lowest cash prices. se24 d6m Dissolution. THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between the undersigned, under the style of T. W.

between the undersigned, under the style of T. W. BEIGGS & CO., has been dissolved by mutual consen T. W. BEIGGS & CO. COAL! COAL! COAL! M ESSRS. S. KOBERTS & CO., (OF THE FIRM OF T. W. Briggs & Co.) wish to inform their friends and the public generally that they still occupy the office formerly occupied by Miesrs. T. W. Briggs & Co., No. 135 Market street, between First and Second, where they will keep constantly on hand a full supply of the best

Pittsburg and Youghiogheny Coal, Wholesale and retail to suit customers. se28 nl&dtf

OLMSTEAD & O'CONNOR, (SUCCESSORS TO JOS. EOBB), -DEALERS IN-

Pittsburg and Peytons Cannel Coal. Sole Agents for the Pomeroy Coal. OBDERS FOR ANY OF THE ABOYE COALS respectfully solicited and promptly filled at the lowest mark prices. Constantly on hand a good supply of the PEYTONA CANNEL and PEACOCK POMEROY COAL, which, for kitchen, parlor or chamber use, has no superjor. as, has no superior.

as, the no superior.

**#"Uffices—304 Third street, between Market and

**Formula at Robb's old stand, and 202 southwest cor
ner of Brook and Market streets.

je28 dtf.

FOR SALE! DEST QUALITY OF PITTSBURG COAL AT THE lowest market price. Also, BEACH BOTTOM COAL, much lower rates, by
J. N. RELLOG, Agent, ap7 dtf near the corner of Third and Main.

W. W. BROWN'S Mothers' Friend or Female Regulator. Mothers' Friend or Female Regulator.

This is considered one of the Best Tonic
Cordisis or Female Regul tors now in use. It is
used in all cases whe e the internal orrains are deranged,
as in Leucorrhea or Whites, Amenor thea or Obstructed
Menses, and painful Menst uation. It acts as a specific
for weakness of the Breast and Back, elseases of the
Ridneys, and Nervousness of the System. This cordial
is warran ed to give relief in all derangements of the
Female Organs. It is considered a fine purifier of the
Blood. The above can be had at all the Drus Stores.
All orders sent by mail will be promptly attended to.

Overstreet's genulme Linament. None genuine without the signa'ure of w. W. Frown on the top of each
box. It is a specific or Rheumatism.

Brown's Balsum of Indian Turnip, one of the best
remedes out for Whoop in Coughs, Coughs, Colds. Asthma and Pulm mary Affections.

Brown's Electric Pain Kileer, for all kinds of Pa'ns,
internal or external.

W. W. BROWN, E. M. D. W. W. BROWN, E. M. D.

RAYMOND & TYLER, Agents, Fourta street, near Main, THE OFFICE. NEW ESTABLISHMENT,

East side Third street between Main and Market, three doors from Main street. GEORGE HERMANN, LATE OF THE "RENDEZVOUS," THIRD STREET, announces to his friends and the public generally, that he has o, ened a new and splendid SALOON at the above place, where he keeps none but the fine t and purest I lquors, Wires and Cigars. Also, the best Cincionati and Lager Beer. purest Liquors, Wines and Cigars. Also, the best Cin-cienati and Lager Beer. A good LUNCH will be served every day at 10 o'clock A. M.
Thankful for past favors and patronage, he hopes the same will be transferred to his new house, "The Office." ell dtf

\$50 Reward. AN AWAY FROM THE SUBSCRIBER, LIV. ing in Jefferson county Ky., on the night of the 23d inst., a nerro woman named DINAH. Said woman is of medium hight, dark brown color. In a sather a down look slow spoken, and has very few or no jaw teeth, is rather likely in the face, a d walks with her feet urned out. She carried with her some nice clothing. The above reward will be paid for her delivery to me or secured in jail so that lean get her jy25 d6.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Torders filled and consignments solicited.

MOLASSES.—250 HALF BBLS CHOICE REBOILED

William Mitchell & Dean.

GARDNER & 00.

Main st., 3 doors above First st.

TRANSPORTATION.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD. 5 ಯ 325 Miles Double Track.

IN ORDER TO KEEP PACE WITH THE DEMANDS A of the traveling public, the managers of this popular route have added many improvements during the year 1862, and, with its connection, it will be found in all re-spects a FIRAT CLASS ROUTE to all the Eastern cities. The track is stone ballasted and entirely free from dust.

THREE DAILY TRAINS FROM Pittsburg to Philadelphia, (with close connections from Western Cities),
ALL CONNECTING DIRECT TO NEW YORK, THROUGH PHILADELPHIA,

CLOSE CONNECTIONS AT HARRISBURG Baltimore & Washington.

FROM PITTSBURG TO NEW YORK ONE TRAIN BUNS DAILY (420 MILES)
VIA ALLENTOWN, WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS, Arriving in advance of all other Routes. SEVEN DAILY TRAINS FROM

TICKETS FOR SALE TO BOSTON BY BOAT OR RAIL. Boat Tickets good on any of the Sound Lines. FARE TO ALL POINTS AS LOW AS ANY ROUTE SLEEPING CARS Philadelphia, New York & Baltimore. BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH AND TRANSFERRED FREE.

By this route freights of all descriptions can be forwarded to and from Philadelphia, New York, Boston or Bal imore, to and from any point on the Railroads of Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana, Ill nois, Wisconsin, Iowa, or Missouri by Railroad direct.

Th Pennsylvasia Central Railroad also connects at Pittsburg with steamers, by which goods can be forward to any port on the Ohio, Musk ngun, Kentucky, Tennessee, Cumberlan , Ill nois, Mississippi, Wisconsin, Missa u, Kansas, Ark mas and Ret River; at dat Cleveland, Sandusky and Chicago with steamers to all port on the Northwestern Lakes.

Merchants and shippers entrusting the transportation of their reight to this Cumpany can rely with confidence on its speety transit. on its specify transit.

"HE RATES OF FRE GAT to and from any poin in the RATES OF FRE GAT to and from any poin in the West by the Pennsylvania Central Railroad are other the district Companies. couroda Companies.

13 Tep particular to mark packages "VIA PENNSYLVA-IA CENTAAL R. R."

For Freight Contracts or Shipping Directions apply o or address either of the following Agents of the

Agents of the following Agents of the andress either of the following Agents of the any:

D. A. STEWART, Freight Agent, Pittsburg.
CLARK&&CO., Transfer Agent, Pittsburg.
H. W. Benewick & CO., Chacinnati, Oho.
R. C. MELD&UJ & CO., Madison, Ind.
W. M. ADM N & CO., Evantville, Ind.
J. E. MOORY.
R. F. SASS. S. Louis, Mo.
CLABKE & CO., Chicago, Ill.
J. H. MCOLIN, P. Tismouth, O.
MCN-ELY & MONTG MERY, Maysville, Ky.
W. H. & E. L. LANGLEY, Gallipolis, O.
H. S. PIE C & CO. Zanesville, O.
N. H. HUDSON Ri ley. O.
R. C. MELDRUM, General Traveling Agent for the South and West.

LIVE STOCK. Drovers and Farmers will find this the mos advantageous route for Live Stock, -Capaciou- Yards, well watered and supplied with every convenience, have been opened on this line and its connections, and every attention is paid to their wants, From Harrisburg, where will be found every convenience for feeding and resting a cnoice is offered of the PHILADELPHIA. NEW YORK, and BALTIMORE MARKETS. This will also be f un't the shortest, q ickest, and most direct rou e fer stock to New York—(v:a Allentown)—and with fewer changes than any other.

ENOCH LEWIS, Gen'l Superintendant Alteone Re. ENOCH LEWIS. Gen'l Superintendent, Altoona, Pa. L. L. HOU'PF, Gen'l Ticket Agent, Philade phia. H. H. HOU'STON, Gen'l Freight Agent, Philadelphia.

JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD.

LEAVE JEFFERSONVILLE, OPPOSITE LOUIS-7:15 A. M. Daily, (except Sundays), making direct connections as follows:

Makes close connections for Lafyette, Springfield Quincy, Hannibal St. Joseph, &c., and for Keo kuk, Ottumwa, Ft. DesMolnes, &c., &c. For Chicaso, Detroit, &c. 137 This Train a river in Chicago at 7:30 r. m., being in time to connect with all Night Trains going North. Nor hwest or West from that city, and is 14 HOURS in advance of any other raute.

2:45 P. M. Daily, (except Sundays), making direct connections as follows: AT SEYMOUR: ati, Columbus, Cleveland, New York, Bas-ittsburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washing-AT INDIANAPOLIS:

9:35 P. M. Daily, (except Saturdays), making direct connections as follows: AT SEYMOUR: For Cinfinnati and all Eastern and Northeastern cities. For Toledo, Detroit, &c. AT INDIANAPOLIS:

FARE ALWAYS AS LOW AS BY ANY OTHER ROUTE. 43 JAS. FERRIER, General Ticket Agent. LOUISVILLE & FRANKFORT AND

LEXINGTON & FRANKFORT

RAILROADS. ON AND AFTER MONDAY, APRIL 6, 1863, Trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Frankfort at 5:10 a, m, and arrive at Lou sville at 9:00 a, m, and will leave Louisville at 4:20 P, m, orriving at Frankfort at 8:15 P, m. EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Lexington at 2:00 p. M., and arrives at Louisville at 7:10 p. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS leave Louisville daily (Sundays excepted) at 5:30 a. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS leave Lexing on daily (Sundays excepted) at 6:00 a. M. Freight received and discharged from 7:30 A. M., to JEWF. M.

JET Torough Tickets for Danville, Harrodeburg, Crab Orchard, Somerset, Richmond, Mount Sterling, Winchester, Nicholarville, Georgetown, Shelbyville, and other towns in the interior, for sale, and all further innatin can be had at the Depot in Louisville, corner of Jefferson and Brook streets,

833

SAMUEL GILL Sections

LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBARY AND OHICAGO RAILROAD, For St. Louis, Chicago & Detroit.

1863. Summer Arrangement. 1863.

T. & W. Railroad, East and West, and at Michigar City for Chicago and Detroit EXPRESS—(Daily, reaching St. Louis at 10:00 A. M., and Cincinnati at 6:00 A. M. This Train also makes close connections for Chicago and the Northwest. BETURNING—Leaves St. Louis at 7:00 A. M. and 4:45 P. M., making immediate connection at Mitchell with South-bound Train, arriving at New Albany at 8:30 P. M. and 6:50 A. M. ONLY ONE CHANGE OF CARS TO ST. LOUSI-CINCINNATION CHICAGO! BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH, TO

Copartnership Notice. THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY ENTERED IN COOPERING THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY ENTERED all of which will be used to the WHOLESALE GROCRRY, WINE and LIQUOR WOEBER Store on Sixth street, between Main and Market, opposite James Low & Co.'s.

JACOB SCHRODT,

JOSEPH A. WOEBER.

Louisville. July & 1863. INSURANCE.

The Safest and Cheapest Insurance. The Malesi and Cheapesi Insurance.

INSURANOE OFFICE

413 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth, Pulnury's

Building, over D. O'Hare's Trunk Store

A STHE AUTHORIZED AGENT OF THE FOLLOW
Ing named safe, reliable, and j. stly popular Issurance Companies, insurance swill be made on Lives and
every descript on of property at fair rate...

A, the division of an insurance risk among several
Companies is rearded as safer and roore prudent than
a large amount in any one Compary, I would respect
fully solicit a portion of the business of my friends and
the public. Losses promptly and sa isfactorily settled.

Proofs of losses and adjustments made at this office
WITHOUT CHARGE on all policies issued at this
Agency.

Mutual Life Insurance Company, Cash Fund belonging to the members insured \$9, ALL the profits are divided on the mutual system every All the profits are divided on the mutual system every five years among the memorers insured.

The business of this Company is condicted exclusively on the Casu plan. No close whatever are received for premiums, or paid back of the same profiled to it close the amount insured under the policy, or in an annual deduction from the premium. If the first instance, many cases are on record where the first instance, many cases are on record where the mounts originally insured have been more than doubtened annual recursions granted by the Company is largely in the accumulations or dividends, and in the second, be annual recursion granted by the Company is largely from the policy has been more of the red of the policy helder, instead of paying any premium that the policy helder, instead of paying any premium to the tompone, is actually in receiver of AN ANNUTY (to the first paying in actually in receiver of AN ANNUTY (to the first paying any premium color of the company is actually in receiver of AN ANNUTY (to the first paying any premium color of the company is actually in receiver of AN ANNUTY (to the company is actually in receiver of the remainder of life. Rates, pamphlets and any other information may be obtained upon application at this Agency.

Continental Insurance Company.

Continental Insurance Company,

NEW YORK CITY.

Cash Capital and Surples \$1.259,000.

THREE-FOURTHS of the profits returned annually he policy holders. Ividends returned to policy holders, on Fire risks as

North American Fire Insurance Co.,

Washin gton Insurance Company,

NEW YORK CITY.
C 98 Capital and Surplus \$525,000.

THREE FOURTIS of the pronts returned annually to the policy holders on Fire risks.

Scrip dividend 1861.

D do 1862.

Scrip issued bears 6 per cent. per annum interest. Fulton Fire Insurance Company, NEW YORK CITY. Cash Capital and Surplus \$250,000. Fulton Fire Insurance Company. Cash Capital and Surplus \$175,000. Home Insurance Company,

MEDICAL. dalen's Head Dispensary AND VENEREAL INFIRMARY, Phartered by the Legislature of Ky.

UST POBLISHED-PRICE ONLY TEN OFMES A MEDICAL REPORT,



youth, SEMISAL WEAKNESS, becturnal kinissions, sexual Debility, Impotency, &c., the security impotency, &c., the security arising from the bane of habit of self-abuse. To which is added observations on FEMALE DISEASES, and other interesting matter of the utmost importance to the married, and hose contemplating marriage, who entertain doubt if their physical ability to enter that state. Sent to tany address in a sealed wrapter, on eccipt of Ten ents or four stamps.

Those editicted with any of the above discess, before placing themselves under the treatment of any one, should first read this work.

We devote our entire time and attention to the treatment of the various private diseases treated of in our deport. Our Disponsary is the only Institution of the kind in America which has been established by a special charter, and this face should give it a preference over the various quacks of doubtful character to be ound in all large cities.

TO FEMALES.—Special attention given to all diseases of Females. Also for saic

DR. DEW EES REGULATOR PILLS—For Female Distructions, Irregularities, &c. Married ladies in ortain situations should not use them, as they would cance suscanniage. Price 81 per box, and may be ent by mail.

DR. GALEN'S PREVENTIVE—An invaluable arent by mail.

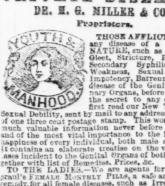
DR. GALEN'S PREVENTIVE—An invaluable acids for those wishing to limit the number of their icios for those wishing to limit the number of their of these wishing to limit the number of their dispring, or the barren who desire children; warrant d not to isque the health. The Preventive, which will last for a litetime, will be sent to any address unlet seal, on the receipt of the price—TWO DOLLARS FATIENTS AT A DISTANCE—By sending a brief tatement of their symptoms, will receive a Blank that containing a list of questions, our terms for the ourse of treatment, &c. fidedicine) sent to any part of the country to cure any case at home, free from lamage or curjosity.

of the country to cure any case at home, free from damage or curiosity.

The Consulting Surgeon, who is a regular graduate of one of the first institutions of the country, and of large experience in the treatment of Venercal Diseases will give his personal attention to office patients during any hour of the day or evening. Consultations and examinations strictly private and free of charge.

OFFICE—No. 314 Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson, west side.

DR. GATES' PRIVATE MEDICAL DISPENSARY Conducted on the European Plan, FOR THE CURE OF ALL PRIVATE DISEASES.



DR. HALL'S LOUISVILLE

MEDICAL INFIRMARY,



manent cures are constantly being effected at the infirmary.

YOUNG MEN, TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.—Dr.

H. devotes much of his time to the treatment of those
cases caused by a secret habit which runs both body
and mind, unfitting the unfortunate individual for either
business or society. The sad effects of the e early
habits, or the excess of riper years, or to weaken and
deb litate the constitution destroy the physical and
mental powers, diminish and enlected the hatural feelings, and exhaust the vit-i chargies of manhood: the
"deasures of life are marred, the object of marriage
astrated, and existence itself rendered a term of un
"Dose contemp'ating marriage, should lose no time in
20th min in mediate application, as Dr. H., by his new
"Domment, is enabled to insure a speedy and permanent Modelines cent to any address, 137 Office 311 Second street, between Market and Jeff rson. Office open from 7 a. M. to 6 ?. M. L. HALL, M. D.

NOTICE. I KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE BEST and most approved Cooking and Heating STOVES. The leading Wood Stoves are the True Kentuckian, Charmer, Pell can, and Palmetto. The Coal Stoves are the Alligator, Chi ftain and Starlight. I also keep an assortment of Brass Kettles, Enameled and P. reelain Ware, Smoothing Irons, Tin Plates, pressed Oan Tops and Bottoms, Coffee Mills and all other articles usually found in such establishments. Also, manufacture: of Fruir Cans, Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware, all of which I will sell at the lowest cash prices of her at wholesale or retail.

TIN ROOFING AND GUTTERING done at the shortest notice.

Country merchants and dealers are respectfully invited to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. The highest price paid for oid iron and copper of the property of the part of the par

TISDEL & NASH'S Patent Attachment

SIMPLICITY AND ECONOMY COMBINED

FOR BURNING

THIS IS AN ARTICLE WHICH, ON ACCOUNT OF ITS UTILITY, SIM-plicity and economy, has been very properly termed "the best thing of the kind ever invented," by the application of which to any comment field

WHAT THEY SAY OF IT.

Ince I's cose in a few of the continuous courier and Union.

[From the Scientific American.]

It accomplishes the object very perfectly, and dispenses with the annoyane and expense of the inconvenent chimney. A free and steady I sh, without smoke, is obtained, when a good quality of oil is used. The inventon consists in applying the metallic burner to the tube of the Lamp; the burner is simply sloped over this, and can be easily adjusted to any fluld lamp; thus equipped, coal oil can be burned in it as readily as fluid. The

Other journals speak in like terms, and the most flattering testimonials are being constantly received rom agents and others as to their efficiency and

PRICE. r dozen, in quartities le s than 1 gross.... r gross, do do 10 do

Orders f r any amount promptly executed. TERMS-Cash on delivery.

Sole Agent for Kentucky, 721 Main st., south side, between Seventh and Eight



Constantly on Hand, ALE IN BBLS, HALF BBLS, KEGS AND BOTTLES.

AND DEALERS IS PAINTS, GILS, WINDOW-GLASS, GLASSWARE, TOBACCO, SNUFF

AGENTS FOR THE LOUISVILLE CHEMICAL WORKS. W. H. STOKES. (SUCCESSOR TO B. & W. H. STOKES.)

IMPORTER OF AND DEALER IN

(OLD-ESTABLISHED SADDLERY WAREHOUSE.) Mo. 435 Main street, between Fifth and Sixth,

M ERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS WOULD FIND IT TO THEIR INTEREST TO EXAMINE stock before making their purchases. Orders from a distance will be attended to as if made in person.



To which was awarded The Grand Medal of Honor At the United States Fair, 1860.

THIS SEPARATOR WAS FIRST INVENTED AND

THIS SEPARATOR WAS FIRST IN VEGUCE TO What was formerly known as "Pitts" Patent Separator. We have now over five hundred of them in use, and wherever introduced they take to lead of all others. They have 1. ken the premium at nearly all the Pairs whe. e exhibited.

J. D. BONDURANT, Sole Agent, Louisville, Ky.

HARVESTERS. KENTUCKY CLIPPER, LOUISVILLE MOWER, BALL'S IMPROVED REAPER AND MOWER.

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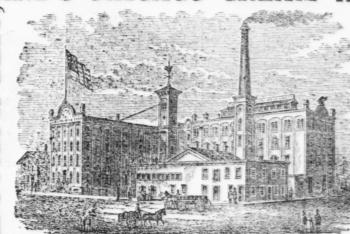
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